

Unilever Pakistan Foods LimitedAnnual Report



2020





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Vision

Our vision is to grow our business, while decoupling our environmental footprint from our growth and increasing our positive social impact.

Core Values



We are honest, transparent and ethical in our dealings at all times.

Living an **Enterprise Culture**

We believe in trust, and outstanding teamwork. We value a creative & fun environment.

Bringing out the Best in All of Us

We are empowered leaders, who are inspired by new challenges and have a bias for action.

Wowing our Consumers & Customers

We win the hearts and minds of our consumers and customers.



We deliver what we promise.

Making a **Better World**

We care about and actively contribute to the community in which we live.

Company Information

Board of Directors

Mr. Kamran Y. MirzaIndependent Director & Chairman of the BoardMr. Amir R. ParachaExecutive Director & Chief Executive OfficerMr. Aly YusufExecutive Director & Chief Financial Officer

Ms. Farheen Salman Amir
Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo
Mr. Muhammad Adil Monnoo
Mr. Kamal Monnoo
Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman
Mr. Khalid Mansoor
Mr. Ali Tariq

Executive Director
Non-Executive Director
Independent Director
Independent Director
Non-Executive Director

Company Secretary

Mr. Aman Ghanchi

Audit Committee

Mr. Khalid Mansoor Chairman & Member

Mr. Muhammad Adil Monnoo Member
Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman Member
Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo Member
Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza Member

Mr. Moiz Idris Rajput Secretary & Head of Internal Audit

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza Chairman & Member

Mr. Zulfikar MonnooMemberMr. Kamal MonnooMemberMr. Amir R. ParachaMemberMr. Sarfaraz Ahmed RehmanMember

Ms. Kanize Fathema Zuberi Secretary & Head of HR

Auditors

Messrs KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No. 2, Beaumont Road, Karachi – 75530 Pakistan

Registered Office

Avari Plaza Fatima Jinnah Road Karachi - 75530

Share Registration Office

M/s Central Depository Company Share Registrar Services Limited CDC House, 99-B, Block "B", S.M.C.H.S, Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi - 74400

Website Address

www.unilever.pk

Directors' Profile

Kamran Y. Mirza - Chairman

Kamran joined the Board in 2014 as Chairman of Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited. He aualified as a Chartered Accountant from the UK. He joined Abbott Laboratories (Pakistan) Limited in 1970, where he was one of the youngest ever Managing Director and served in that position for 29 years till 2006. He was also the CEO of the Pakistan Business Council. Kamran is also the Chairman of Philip Morris (Pakistan) Ltd as well as serving on the Boards of Colgate-Palmolive (Pakistan) Limited & Education Fund for Sindh (EFS). Previously he served as Chairman of Karachi Stock Exchange, PMEX (formerly National Commodities Exchange), Education Fund for Sindh (EFS), Export Processing Zones Authority, Karwan-e-Havat, Pharma Bureau - (Association of Pharmaceutical Multinationals) and as a President of Overseas Chamber of Commerce & Industry, American Business Council; as Director of State Bank of Pakistan, Bank Alfalah, Pakistan State Oil, National Bank of Pakistan, Pakistan Textile City Limited, Competitiveness Support Fund (CSF), Genco Holding Company, International Steel (ISL), Safari Club and NAVTEC. He lectures regularly at the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG).

Amir R. Paracha - CEO

Amir joined the Board on 1 February, 2020. Over his 21 years with Unilever, he has held various senior management positions in Pakistan and other markets. Amir Paracha is also the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Unilever Pakistan Limited, Trustee at The Duke of Edinburgh's Award Foundation Pakistan, Member at the Board of Governors of the National Management Foundation, Co-Chair on PSDF's Parwaaz – National Accelerator on Closing the Skills Gap in Pakistan and is on the Board for the Karachi Vocational Training Centre & Shell Pakistan Limited.

He joined Unilever Pakistan in 2000 as an Assistant Brand Manager on Wheel and subsequently led multiple categories within Laundry and Personal Care business. Between 2006 – 2008, Amir took on leadership role in marketing at Unilever North Africa Middle East for the GCC cluster. He then returned to lead the Home and Personal Care division in Pakistan before assuming the role of Vice President for Customer Development in 2013. Prior to taking over as the CEO, in his role as VP Customer Development, he helped deliver solid results, successfully inspiring a transformative vision for the future. He continues to actively experiment with disruptive business models and has championed inclusion and wellbeing across the Unilever ecosystem in Pakistan.

Amir began his career at the Royal Dutch Shell Oil Company in July 1996. He has done his Masters in Business Administration from the Institute of Business Administration.

Aly Yusuf-CFO

Aly Yusuf joined the Board on October 01, 2019 and is currently Director & Chief Financial Officer of Unilever Pakistan Limited & Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited. He joined the company in July 2007. Aly holds a MBA from the LUMS and is a CFA Charter holder. Over his 14-year tenure at Unilever, Aly has gained extensive Finance and Business experience in both developed and developing markets at Unilever. He has worked in United Kingdom, UAE and Pakistan in local, regional and global roles.

Farheen Salman Amir

Farheen joined the Board on March 7, 2016 and is currently the Director Foods & Refreshments. Farheen joined Unilever as a Management Trainee in 1998. In her 21 years' career with the Company, Farheen has worked in a number of categories across both Food & Refreshment and HPC. In her role as BD Director Ice Cream NAMET, Farheen worked for Unilever Turkey and crafted an innovation & communication program for the portfolio that was instrumental in bringing the Euro 450 million ice cream business back to sustained double-digit growth.

Zulfikar Monnoo

Zulfikar joined the Board in 1998 when the Company was formed. He is also a member of the Audit and Human Resource & Remuneration Committees of Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited. He is an alumni of The Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania and Aitchison College, Lahore. He is a Director of Rafhan Maize Products Limited, Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited & Kohinoor Textile Mill and is also the Chief Executive of Pakwest Industries (Pvt) Ltd., Lahore.

Muhammad Adil Monnoo

Adil joined the Board on May 5, 2002 as a Non-Executive Director. He is also the Member of the Audit Committee of Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited. He holds directorship in Rafhan Maize Products Limited and is in the business of textile trade as the sole proprietor of HN Enterprises.

Kamal Monnoo

Kamal joined the Board on December 19, 2006 as a Non-Executive Director. Having done his schooling from Aitchison College and graduation from Syracuse University and Yale University, USA, he is also the Member of the Human Resource & Remuneration Committee of Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited. He holds directorships in Samira Fabrics (Pvt) Limited, Samira Industries (Pvt) Limited, Kaarvan Crafts Foundation, CNM Textil a.s., Bata Pakistan Limited.

Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman

Sarfaraz, a chartered accountant by qualification, has contributed his management expertise to several multinational companies such as Unilever, SB (GSK), Jardine Matheson/Olayan JV and PepsiCo during his varied career. He is currently the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer of Fauji Foods Bin Qasim Limited. In 2005, Sarfaraz established Engro Foods as its CEO. The company grew from a green-field to become the leading liquid dairy company in Pakistan. Since Oct 2015, he has been involved in consultancy projects, among others with ICI, IBL, JSPE, Shan Foods, Al-Shaheer, Soya Supreme, Burque Corp, CCL and ITL. Sarfaraz was Chairman of the Broadcasters/Advertisers Council 2015-18 (joint body controlling advertising in Pakistan). Further, he was the Chairman of the 1st Effie Awards in Pakistan, in 2019. He is also on the Board of MAP and Patient Aid Foundation. Additionally, Sarfaraz speaks at various forums. He has given motivational talks at Lays, Mondelez, Nutrico, RB, Engro, Octara, ICI, Shell and MAP. In the past he was associated with Shaukat Khanum Hospital as a Board of Governor and with WWF as a Director. He is also associated with Hisaar Foundation and its work on water/environmental issues in Pakistan.

Khalid Mansoor

Khalid Mansoor is a Graduate in Chemical Engineering with distinction and honors. He has been the Chief Executive Officer of Hubco, the first and largest Independent Power Producer (IPP) in Pakistan, since May 2013. The Company generates approximately 10% of the Country's electricity and is a leading private sector player in addressing the energy crisis currently being faced by Pakistan. After becoming the CEO of Hubco in May 2013, he has transformed the Company and has initiated growth initiatives with Projects worth over US\$ 3.5 billion under execution.

Mr. Mansoor is also Chairman of the Boards of Laraib Energy Limited, Narowal Energy Limited, Hub Power Services Limited, Hub Power Holding Limited, and ThalNova Power Thar Private Limited. He is also a Director of Thar Energy Limited.

Mr. Mansoor had also been the President of the Overseas Investors Chamber of Commerce & Industry (OICCI) for the term 2017.

He had held the position of CEO of Algeria Oman Fertilizer Company (AOA) where he was responsible for setting up the world's largest Ammonia and Urea Fertilizer Complex. He has also held the positions of CEO of various Companies of the Engro Group and had been a Director on the Boards of Engro Corp and various Engro subsidiaries including Engro Fertilizers, Engro Foods, Engro Polymers, Engro Vopak, Engro Powergen, Sind Engro Coal Mining Company and Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited. He is also a Director on the Boards of Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited and National Bank of Pakistan, Fund Management Limited. He is also an Advisor on the board of Jazz Pakistan (a subsidiary of Veon Global) Board.

Ali Tariq

Ali joined the Board as a Non-Executive Director in April 2017 and the Unilever group in 2003. He has since held Global, Regional and Country leadership roles in Singapore, UK and Pakistan. He was CFO of the Pakistan Business from 2013 to 2017 and is currently based at Unilever's headquarters in the UK as a Global Vice President of Finance. Ali is a member of Unilever's Global Finance and Supply Chain Leadership teams. Prior to Unilever, Ali held business advisory roles with PricewaterhouseCoopers UK where he also trained as a Chartered Accountant. He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales.

Chairman's Review Report

BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

On behalf of the Board, it is my pleasure to present the Chairman's Review Report for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The Company has continued to deliver positive results and maintain position of being a market leader across categories despite of the global pandemic - COVID-19. We faced the challenge of complete lockdown where our food solutions business was badly impacted, but with strong commitment, consumer trust and our nationwide presence, we ensured high performance and steady growth.

The Board's role was instrumental in steering the Company forward in a challenging environment whilst discharging its statutory responsibilities for the benefit of all stakeholders. The Board has remained cognizant throughout the year of its strategic role for achieving the Company's key objectives and on enhancing the returns for all its stakeholders due to focused oversight over the operations.

In 2020, the business recorded a creditable growth rate of 17.2% through volume and pricing. Knorr and Rafhan recorded growth because of launch of new variants of our products and a renewed sales mix. Increased investment in innovative marketing helped to drive consumer traction and brand reinforcement. Moreover, we recorded EPS growth of 56.4%, which reiterates our ongoing commitment to creating stakeholder value.

BOARD PERFORMANCE AND EFFECTIVENESS

In accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance and the Companies Act, 2017 the evaluation of the Board, its committees and individual directors was conducted by PICG (Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance) to ensure transparency. The evaluation reflects an increase in overall strategic performance of the board every year.

The board was assisted by sub-committees, i.e. the Audit Committee and the HR&R Committee. These sub-committees held meetings during the year as per the stipulations of the code of corporate governance.

It is important to recognize the key role played by the Sub-Committees (Audit Committee & Human Resources and Remuneration Committee) in highlighting areas of improvements and recommending pragmatic solutions for optimum performance. Going forward we will continue our efforts to adopt and implement best governance practices for sustained growth for the benefit of all stakeholders.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The Company will strive to deliver strong sales growth by driving its core product portfolio supported by launch of new / innovate products taking cognizance of the competitive environment & market dynamics. Further, the company will make strenuous efforts for wider penetration of rural areas house holds to increase consumption of its products. The Company is committed to achieving operational excellence & attaining its objective/vision of providing sustainable living to all its stakeholders through responsible value chain as well as trust worthy purpose driven brands.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

On behalf of the board of directors, I would like to express gratitude to our stakeholders for their continued support and encouragement. I would also like to appreciate the valuable services rendered by the employees of the Company despite challenging environment due to COVID-19 and new ways of working. I also acknowledge the commitment and diligence of my fellow directors during 2020 and thank their leadership for their valuable contributions for the continued growth of the Company.

Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza

Chairman of the Board



DIRECTORS' REPORT

Winning with Brands and Innovations

We have some of the world's best known and most trusted brands, with leadership positions in many of the fast moving consumer goods categories in which we compete. Committed to enhancing the quality of life of the people of Pakistan, we aim to offer a broad portfolio that appeals to diverse consumers year on year.

Directors' Report

The directors present Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited's (UPFL) Annual Report together with audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Company's Principal Activities

The Company manufactures and sells consumer and commercial food products under the brand names Rafhan, Knorr, Energile, Glaxose-D and Best Foods. In 2020 the business recorded a broad-based growth of 17.2%, despite COVID-19 lockdown that significantly affected Food Solutions business.

The key growth drivers in 2020 were:

Knorr: Growth in Knorr was primarily led by Noodles & Ketchup that grew on the back of building brand equity and consumption in urban as well driving penetration in rural areas, leveraging digital mediums through precision marketing and capitalizing on the excitement of mega occasions. The launch of "cheesy chatt patta" variant was well received in the market.

Rafhan: Despite a challenging year, the brand was able to record healthy sales growth in desserts and corn oil product lines. This was achieved by strategic pricing decisions and relevant consumer promotions.

Foods Solutions: The entity-based business saw a steep decline in sales during the year primarily due to lockdown and multiple restrictions on outdoor dining.

Gross margin increased by 1.49% to 42.9% through better cost absorption and a rigorous savings agenda. EPS grew by 56.4% versus last year driven by growth, margin improvement and tax credits pertaining to capital expenditure.

| Operating Results | 2020 | 2019 | |
|------------------------|----------|-----------|--|
| | Rupees i | n million | |
| Sales | 15,573 | 13,291 | |
| Gross Profit | 6,679 | 5,502 | |
| Profit from Operations | 4,078 | 2,943 | |
| Profit before tax | 4,055 | 2,808 | |
| Profit after tax | 3,837 | 2,453 | |
| EPS-basic (Rs) | 602.42 | 385.08 | |

Dividends

First Interim Dividend 2020 (already paid): Rs. 130 per share (2019: Rs. 88 per share).

Second Interim Dividend 2020 (already paid): Rs. 141 per share. (2019: Rs. 63 per share).

Third Interim Dividend 2020 (already paid): Rs. 120.52 per share. (2019: Rs. 93 per share).

Final Dividend 2020: Rs. 210.89 per share (2019: Rs. 142 per share).

Industry Review

The Foods market (Total package segment) in Pakistan is currently estimated at PKR 3.3 trillion (estimate as per Euromonitor and Consumer Panel). The market consists of several local and multinational companies, with numerous regional players as well. Packaged food is growing at 11.9% mainly led by edible oil and dressings.

Capital Expenditure

The Company, in order to expand capacity and increase efficiency, invested Rs. 363.5 million during the year.

Liquidity Profile

The Company was able to generate Rs. 3,908 million from operating activities during the year. The Company had a net cash and cash equivalents of Rs. 930 million at year end.

Cashflow projections are prepared, reviewed and monitored on a periodic basis by your Company to devise the most effective strategy and to optimize returns.

Investment strategies are planned after careful consideration of risk profile and surplus funds are mostly kept in short-term bank deposits.

Evaluation of Company's Performance

There is a stringent performance management mechanism in place at the Company. The management uses several indicators based on global best practices from parent company as well as local leadership to ensure that both short term delivery and long-term health of the business remain in good position.

Our strategic framework to assess performance is based on the '5 fundamentals of growth' which captures – Purposeful Brands, Improved Penetration, Design for Channel, Impactful innovations and Fuel for Growth – thereby providing a wholistic approach to assessing business shape and progress end to end.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Company is faced with the following principal risks:

- The on-going COVID-19 situation poses a risk to the growth plans for the business as the plan hinges on sales outlets coverage improvements, driving product assortment and ensuring General Trade channel growing faster than prior years.
- The macro-economy has shown signs of improvements with trade balance and current account increasing, however, medium to long term structural economic reforms remain to be seen.

Our People

At Unilever, our people are our biggest strength. They drive the company mission forward while holding themselves accountable to the highest standards of integrity, respect and social responsibility. We take great pride in the opportunities we make accessible to our people, whether it is through continuous learning programs, challenging assignments, wellbeing initiatives and the like.

2020 while being a most difficult year further highlighted the capabilities and grit of our people as they rose to the challenge of working in an uncertain environment. We pushed our boundaries to devise a flexible work model which complied with international standards of safety, while also taking care of employee mental and physical health with exceptional results as proved by the individual and functional initiatives rolled out to deal with the unique needs that arose in a pandemic.

Equity, Diversity and Inclusion remained a top priority at Unilever as we continued efforts to hire without discrimination against gender, age, race, religion, socioeconomic backgrounds, transgenders and differently abled people, and offer equitable opportunities based on individual needs.

We encourage a culture of agile working especially in the face of an evolving global work environment to promote healthy work life balance.

Environment Protection

Sustainable environmental production lies at the core of the UPFL manufacturing strategy. The Company expends considerable efforts to achieve sustainable development through environment friendly operations whilst upholding the vision of the United Nation's Sustainable Development Goals. In 2020, our manufacturing sites initiated various environmental protection measures for the conservation of water, energy and waste by implementing the following sustainability projects:

- Energy optimization by installation of Load Management system for cooling towers, chillers and air handling.
- Replacement of HPS lights with energy efficient LED lights
- Significant reduction in air emission through boilers by replacing HFO with cleaner fuel
- Reusing effluence in cooling towers by ultraviolet and ultrafiltration projects
- Replacement of water piping network which resulted in significant water savings
- · Upgradation of Rainwater Harvesting Storage Tanks
- · Recycling of waste materials generated from sites
- · Implementation of Project E-Bag

A reduced carbon footprint is an effort which encompasses the scope of our offices, factories, consumers, and partners. This is enabled by a vision to create an impact at scale through powerful alliances that can serve as a catalyst for a sustainable future for the planet amid rising global awareness on climate issues and challenges.

Community Investment and Welfare Schemes (PKR 14.9 Million)

Driven by its duty to serve the nation in a time of need, Unilever Pakistan was one of the first companies to commit relief towards COVID-19. Through monetary and in-kind donations, Unilever Pakistan brought alive its vision of Unilever for Pakistan with the intention of embracing its role as a force of good for the nation.

Further:

- a) Knorr invested in an educational content partnership with Taleemabad to educate children on key themes revolving around personal safety and good deeds. Almost 1 million children have been reached through this partnership.
- b) Knorr continued to provide livelihoods to rural youth through its entrepreneurial program which provides noodle vending carts to people as a means of earning an income while also helping deliver hygienic snacking alternatives to rural communities. Through this initiative, employment opportunities were provided which enhanced the lives of up to 2000 families.

Occupational Safety and Health

There is no room for compromise on safety across all UPFL operations, which is a priority aligned with our goal of **Vision Zero UPFL**. We maintain continuous attention to a safety mindset through reinforced leadership messaging, responsible employee behavior, safety focused plant designs, facilities and products in addition to the implementation of safe procedures and systems throughout the year.

Employee Engagement

The spirit of giving ranks high among our employees as they make a conscious effort to elevate the lives of underserved communities through active support for the health and wellbeing, education and access to healthy eating through committed fundraising and volunteering activities. Our Employee Payroll Program raised close to Rs. 1.5 million in support for our social partners; The Citizen's Foundation; Aga Khan University Hospital and the World Food Program. These funds are channelized to facilitate access to learning, nutrition and wellbeing for underprivileged children and youth.

Value of investments of employees in retirement funds

UPFL contributed Rs. 15.88 million to the staff retirement funds during the year. The value of investments made by the staff retirement funds operated by the Company as per their financial statements as at December 31, 2020 is as follows:

| | Rs. in million |
|----------------|----------------|
| Provident Fund | 192 |
| Gratuity Fund | 34 |
| Total-2020 | 226 |
| Total - 2019 | 210 |

Corporate Governance

The management of UPFL is committed to good corporate governance and complying with best practices. As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, the Directors are pleased to state as follows:

- The financial statements prepared by the management of the Company present fairly the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- · Proper books of account have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies, as applicable in Pakistan, have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgement.

- International Financial Reporting Standards have been followed in the preparation of the financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the Rule Book of the Stock Exchange.
- Statements regarding the following are annexed or are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
 - Number of meetings of Board of Directors and its committees held and attendance by directors.
 - Key financial data for the last six years.
 - Pattern of shareholding.

Directors

The following persons are the directors of the company:

- Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza (Chairman of the Board)
- Mr. Amir R. Paracha (CEO)
- Mr. Aly Yusuf (CFO)
- Ms. Farheen Salman Amir
- Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo
- Mr. Muhammad Adil Monnoo
- · Mr. Kamal Monnoo
- Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman
- Mr. Ali Taria
- Mr. Khalid Mansoor

The election of directors was held at the AGM of 2020. The term of the present directors will expire on April 19, 2023.

Internal Financial Controls

The directors are aware of their responsibility with respect to internal financial controls. Through discussions with management and auditors (both internal and external), they are of the opinion that adequate controls have been implemented by the Company.

Board Evaluation

In accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance and the Companies Act, 2017 the evaluation of the Board, its committees and individual directors was conducted by PICG (Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance) to ensure transparency. The board is assisted by sub-committees, i.e. the Audit Committee and the HR&R Committee, and these sub-committees held meetings during the year as per the stipulations of the code of corporate governance. It is also important to highlight the key role played by the sub-committees (Audit Committee & Human Resources and Remuneration Committee) in highlighting areas of improvements and recommending practical solutions. Going forward we will continue our efforts to ensure that we comply with best governance practices on the interest of all stakeholders.

Directors Remuneration Policy

Directors Fee is paid in line with Board approval and the Company has approved a formal policy in this regard in accordance with the Companies Act, 2017 and the CCG. The fee of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors for attending the Board and Committee meetings of the Company is determined by the Board from time to time.

Auditors

The Auditors, KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, were appointed for the year ending December 31, 2020. The Board has recommended the appointment of KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. as the Auditors of the Company for the year 2021.

Holding Company

Through its wholly owned subsidiary Conopco Inc., USA, Unilever PLC, has a holding of 76.5% of the shares in UPFL, and is the Company's ultimate parent company.

Subsequent Events

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.

Reserve Appropriations

| | Share Capital | | | Reser | ves | | Total |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Issued, | Capi | tal | | Revenue | Sub Total | |
| | subscribed and paid up capital | Share Premium | Special | General | Un- appropriated Profit | | |
| | < | | —— (Ru _l | pees in th | ousand) —— | | → |
| Balance as at December 31, 2019 | 63,699 | 1,296,499 | 628 | 138 | 943,233 | 2,240,498 | 2,304,197 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | - | - | | _ | 3,841,993 | 3,841,993 | 3,841,993 |
| Profit for the year ended | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2020 | - | - | - | - | 3,837,412 | 3,837,412 | 3,837,412 |
| Other comprehensive income for the | | | | | | | |
| year ended December 31, 2020 | - | - | - | - | 4,581 | 4,581 | 4,581 |
| Final dividend for the year ended | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2019 @ Rs. 142 per share | - | - | - | - | (904,533) | (904,533) | (904,533) |
| First Interim dividend for the year ending | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2020 @ Rs. 130 per share | - | - | - | - | (828,094) | (828,094) | (828,094) |
| Second Interim dividend for the year ending | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2020 @ Rs. 141 per share | - | - | - | - | (898,163) | (898,163) | (898,163) |
| Third Interim dividend for the year ending | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2020 @ Rs. 120.52 per share | - | - | - | - | (767,706) | (767,706) | (767,706) |
| | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at December 31, 2020 | 63,699 | 1,296,499 | 628 | 138 | 1,386,730 | 2,683,995 | 2,747,694 |

Acknowledgement

Our people are the key drivers behind the sustained growth of UPFL. The directors acknowledge the contribution of each employee of the Company. We would also like to express our thanks to our customers for the trust shown in our products. We are also grateful to our shareholders for their support and confidence in our management.

Future Outlook

Covid-19 has posed enhanced difficulties on an international scale vis-a-vis growth and accompanying socio-economic adversities. Pakistan has been no exception while at the same time also having to grapple with its own specific cum long-standing economic challenges. Despite such a testing economic and operating environment, your Company expects to deliver competitive results in the foreseeable future, as the management remains committed to deal with the situation through an access to Unilever's global expertise, a sound consumer understanding, our on-going innovation endeavours, and by consistently offering an exemplary customer service. The launch of the new "Cheesy Chatt Patta" noodle variant further enhances our noodles portfolio and is a manifestation of the Company's continuous endeavours towards innovation. We are confident that our dedicated and focused efforts will help us in providing enhanced value to help meet our consumers' daily needs and in delivering sustained profitable growth benefitting all stakeholders.

Thanking you all.

On behalf of the Board

Kamran Y. Mirza Chairman Karachi March 1, 2021

Amir R. Paracha Chief Executive Officer Karachi March 1, 2021

Board Meetings Attendance

During the year 2020, four Board Meetings were held and the attendance of each director is given below:

| Directors | Total No. of Meetings Held * | No. of Meetings Attended |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Amir R. Paracha | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Aly Yusuf | 4 | 4 |
| Ms. Farheen Salman Amir | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Muhammad Adil Monnoo | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Kamal Monnoo | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Badaruddin F. Vellani** | 1 | 1 |
| Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman*** | 3 | 3 |
| Mr. Khalid Mansoor | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Ali Tariq | 4 | 4 |

Notes:

- * Meetings held during the period when concerned Director was on the Board.
- ** Resigned w.e.f. 20th April 2020.
- *** Appointed w.e.f. 20th April 2020.

Board Committee Meetings Held During the Year

| Audit (| Comm | ittee |
|---------|------|-------|
|---------|------|-------|

| Name of Member | Total No. of Meetings Held* | No. of Meetings Attended |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Mr. Khalid Mansoor Chairman | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo Member | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza Member | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Muhammad Adil Monnoo Member | 4 | 4 |
| Mr. Badaruddin F. Vellani** Member | 1 | 1 |
| Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman** Member | 3 | 2 |
| Mr. Moiz Idris Rajput Secretary | 4 | 4 |

Notes:

- * Meetings held during the period when concerned Member was in the Committee.
- ** During the year, Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman was appointed as Member of the Committee in place of Mr. Badaruddin F. Vellani with effect from 20th April 2020.

Terms of Reference

Committee has been constituted by the Board in compliance with Listing Regulations. The Committee oversees the Internal Audit function, and also reviews audit plans and reports. The Committee conducts its meetings as and when required. The Committee appraises the Board about the significant discussions and decisions at its meetings and recommendations in respect of Company's operations and financial results.

The Committee comprises of five members, three independent Director and two Non-Executive Directors. All employees of the Company have access to the Committee. The Committee met four times during 2020. Minutes of the meetings are drawn up expeditiously and circulated for the information and consideration of the Board.

Committee of Directors

| Name of Member | Total No. of Meetings Held | No. of Meetings Attended |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Mr. Amir R. Paracha Chairman | 6 | 6 |
| Mr. Aly Yusuf Member | 6 | 6 |
| Ms. Farheen Salman Amir Member | 6 | 6 |
| Mr. Aman Ghanchi Secretary | 6 | 6 |

Terms of Reference

The Committee comprises of three members. Periodic meetings are held to facilitate handling of operational matters, share transfer, and any other significant matters arising during the normal course of business operations.

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

| Name of Member | Total No. of Meetings Held | No. of Meetings Attended |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza Chairman | 1 | 1 |
| Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo Member | 1 | 1 |
| Mr. Kamal Monnoo Member | 1 | 1 |
| Mr. Amir R. Paracha Member | 1 | 1 |
| Ms. Kanize Fathema Zuberi Secretary | 1 | 1 |
| Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman* Member | - | - |

 ^{*} Appointed w.e.f. 20th April 2020.

Terms of Reference

The Committee has been constituted by the Board in compliance with applicable laws. It comprises of five members, two of whom are Non-Executive Directors and two are Independent Directors.

Performance Indicators for 6 years

2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015

(Rupees in thousand)

Financial Position

| Financial Position | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Property, plant and equipment | 2 722 420 | 2 (54 460 | 2,783,549 | 1,992,974 | 2,084,856 | 2 0 4 0 2 2 0 |
| Other non-current assets | 3,732,128 100,559 | 3,654,460 108,368 | 130,808 | 94,842 | 2,084,856 96,544 | 2,040,339 119,386 |
| Current assets | 3,614,686 | 3,326,005 | 3,056,526 | 1,993,132 | 2,436,695 | 2,257,568 |
| Total assets | 7,447,373 | 7,088,833 | 5,970,883 | 4,080,948 | 4,618,095 | 4,417,293 |
| Total assets | 1,441,313 | 7,000,033 | 5,970,003 | 4,000,946 | 4,010,095 | 4,417,293 |
| Share capital | 63,699 | 63,699 | 63,699 | 61,576 | 61,576 | 61,576 |
| Reserves | 2,683,995 | 2,240,498 | 1,828,864 | 119,894 | 1,743,342 | 1,617,018 |
| Total equity | 2,747,694 | 2,304,197 | 1,892,563 | 181,470 | 1,804,918 | 1,678,594 |
| , , | , , | , , . | , , | , , | .,, | 1,010,001 |
| Non-current liabilities | 410,824 | 304,680 | 174,535 | 213,130 | 215,694 | 220,644 |
| Current liabilities | 4,288,855 | 4,479,956 | 3,903,785 | 3,686,348 | 2,597,483 | 2,518,055 |
| Total liabilities | 4,699,679 | 4,784,636 | 4,078,320 | 3,899,478 | 2,813,177 | 2,738,699 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total equity and liabilities | 7,447,373 | 7,088,833 | 5,970,883 | 4,080,948 | 4,618,095 | 4,417,293 |
| | | | | | | |
| Net current liabilities | (674,169) | (1,153,951) | (847,259) | (1,693,216) | (160,788) | (260,487) |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| OPERATING AND FINANCIAL TRENDS | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Profit or loss | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Net sales | 15,572,747 | 13,291,424 | 11,898,430 | 10,745,260 | 9,466,836 | 8,571,097 |
| Cost of sales | (8,894,178) | (7,789,001) | (6,549,353) | (5,911,696) | (5,264,621) | (4,738,804) |
| Gross profit | 6,678,569 | 5,502,423 | 5,349,077 | 4,833,564 | 4,202,215 | 3,832,293 |
| Operating profit | 4,077,508 | 2,942,876 | 2,543,175 | 1,946,726 | 1,802,228 | 1,701,775 |
| Profit before tax | 4,054,958 | 2,807,800 | 2,495,875 | 1,920,706 | 1,767,758 | 1,665,685 |
| Profit after tax | 3,837,412 | 2,452,938 | 1,734,457 | 1,355,673 | 1,276,089 | 1,232,128 |
| Cash ordinary dividends | 3,390,721 | 2,021,704 | 1,490,332 | 2,737,580 | 1,152,012 | 457,309 |
| | | | | | | · |
| | | | | | | |
| Cash flows | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Operating activities | 3,908,226 | 3,635,518 | 1,705,568 | 1,883,709 | 1,517,410 | 1,191,568 |
| Investing activities | (264,533) | (1,064,794) | (1,042,445) | (77,091) | (182,195) | (330,757) |
| Financing activities | (3,403,137) | (2,057,207) | (251,118) | (2,737,580) | (1,152,012) | (457,309) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 929,895 | 689,339 | 175.822 | (236.183) | 694,779 | 511 <i>.</i> 576 |

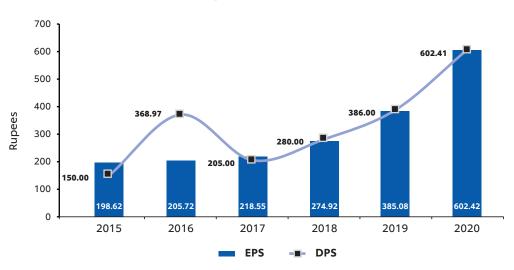
Performance Indicators for 6 years

| | Unit | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|---------------|--------|----------|----------|--------|--------|---------|
| FINANCIAL RATIOS | | | | | | | |
| Profitability Ratios | | | | | | | _ |
| Gross Profit Ratio | % | 42.89 | 41.40 | 44.96 | 44.98 | 44.39 | 44.71 |
| Net Profit to sales | % | 24.64 | 18.46 | 14.58 | 12.62 | 13.48 | 14.38 |
| EBITDA margin to sales | % | 28.08 | 23.85 | 22.87 | 19.54 | 20.45 | 20.88 |
| Operating leverage ratio | Times | 2.25 | 1.34 | 2.85 | 0.66 | 0.54 | -0.10 |
| Pre tax return on equity | % | 160.53 | 133.81 | 240.68 | 193.39 | 101.49 | 135.31 |
| Post tax return on equity | % | 151.92 | 116.90 | 167.25 | 136.50 | 70.70 | 100.09 |
| Return on captial employed | % | 151.20 | 116.21 | 167.25 | 136.50 | 70.70 | 100.09 |
| Liquidity Ratios | | | | | | | |
| Current Ratio | Times | 0.84 | 0.74 | 0.78 | 0.54 | 0.94 | 0.90 |
| Quick / Acid Test Ratio | Times | 0.57 | 0.51 | 0.52 | 0.26 | 0.56 | 0.51 |
| Cash to current liabilities | Times | 0.22 | 0.16 | 0.29 | 0.09 | 0.27 | 0.24 |
| Cash flow from operations to sales | Times | 0.25 | 0.27 | 0.14 | 0.18 | 0.16 | 0.14 |
| Activity / Operating Performance Ratios | | | | | | | |
| nventory turnover ratio | Davis | 39 | 44 | 55 | 61 | 66 | 70 |
| Debtor turnover ratio | Days | 16 | 44 19 | 55 15 | 13 | 10 | 70 9 |
| Creditor turnover ratio | Days | (171) | (165) | (156) | (168) | (165) | (187) |
| Total assets turnover ratio | Days Times | 2 | (165) | (156) | (166) | (105) | (107) |
| Fixed assets turnover ratio | Times | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| Operating cycle | Days | (116) | (102) | (86) | (94) | (89) | (108) |
| Investment / Market Ratios | | | | | | | |
| Earnings per share (EPS) | Rs. | 602.42 | 385.08 | 274.92 | 218.55 | 205.72 | 198.62 |
| Price earning ratio | Times | 23.24 | 19.48 | 25.92 | 27.22 | 28.44 | 29.96 |
| Dividend yield ratio | Times | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.03 |
| Dividend payout ratio - earnings | Times | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.02 | 0.93 | 1.79 | 0.76 |
| Dividend payout ratio - par value | Times | 60.24 | 38.60 | 28.00 | 20.50 | 36.90 | 15.00 |
| Dividend Cover ratio | Times | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.98 | 1.07 | 0.56 | 1.32 |
| Cash dividend* | Rs. | 602.41 | 386.00 | 280.00 | 205.00 | 368.97 | 150.00 |
| Market Value - low | Rs. | 6,950 | 5,170 | 6,935 | 5,400 | 4,800 | 5,890 |
| Market Value - high | Rs. | 15,000 | 7,625 | 9,999 | 7,500 | 6,200 | 10,395 |
| Market Value - year end | Rs. | 14,000 | 7,500 | 7,125 | 7,315 | 5,850 | 5,950 |
| Breakup value per share without surplus | | | | | | | |
| on revaluation of fixed assets | Rs. | 431.35 | 361.73 | 297.11 | 29.47 | 293.12 | 272.60 |
| Capital Structure Ratios | | | | | | | |
| Financial leverage ratio | Times | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.33 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.05 |
| Interest cover ratio | Times | 392.63 | 23.91 | 79.23 | 135.66 | 180.74 | 101.01 |

^{*}This includes interim and proposed final dividend for the year

Performance Indicators for 6 years

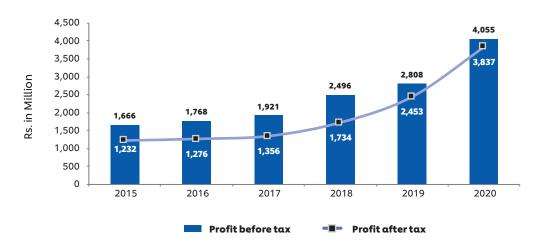
Comparison of EPS and DPS



Share Price Trend



Comparison of PBT and PAT



Statement of Financial Position

Horizontal Analysis for 6 years

(Rs. in thousand)

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

2020 20 Vs.19 2019 2018 18 Vs.17 2017 Rs. 2015 15 Vs.14 19 Vs.18 17 Vs.16 2016 16 Vs.15

Capital and reserves

| Share | capital |
|-------|---------|

| Share capital | |
|---------------|--|
| Reserves | |

Non-current liabilities

Retirement benefits - obligation Long term borrowing Lease liabilities Deferred taxation

Current liabilities

Trade and other payables* Provision Accrued interest / mark up Sales tax payable Current portion of lease liabilities Short term borrowings

| | 63,699 | - | 63,699 | - | 63,699 | 3.45 | 61,576 | - | 61,576 | - | 61,576 | - |
|----|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|---------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|
| | 2,683,995 | 19.79 | 2,240,498 | 22.51 | 1,828,864 | 1,425.40 | 119,894 | (93.12) | 1,743,342 | 7.81 | 1,617,018 | 124.02 |
| | 2,747,694 | 19.25 | 2,304,197 | 21.75 | 1,892,563 | 942.91 | 181,470 | (89.95) | 1,804,918 | 7.53 | 1,678,594 | 114.27 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 25,727 | 6.57 | 24,141 | 72,44 | 14,000 | 49.81 | 9,345 | 281.12 | 2,452 | (56.91) | 5,691 | 315.70 |
| | 23,660 | 100.00 | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 387 | 100.00 | - | (100.00) | 24,819 | 100.00 | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | _ |
| | 361,050 | 28.70 | 280,539 | 106.71 | 135,716 | (33.40) | 203,785 | (4.43) | 213,242 | (0.80) | 214,953 | 93.88 |
| | 410,824 | 34.84 | 304,680 | 74.57 | 174,535 | (18.11) | 213,130 | (1.19) | 215,694 | (2.24) | 220,644 | 96.58 |
| | - | | | | | | | | | | · | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4,168,976 | (2.47) | 4,274,576 | 49.07 | 2,867,577 | (5.00) | 3,018,467 | 24.49 | 2,424,678 | 3.24 | 2,348,513 | (6.76) |
| | 107,740 | 2.56 | 105,054 | 96.23 | 53,536 | (11.74) | 60,659 | 5.27 | 57,623 | 51.90 | 37,935 | 74.09 |
| | 620 | (98.21) | 34,717 | 159.26 | 13,391 | 485.27 | 2,288 | 100.00 | | (100.00) | 1,119 | 47.82 |
| | _ | | - 1 | _ | _ | (100.00) | 21,193 | (81.60) | 115,182 | 135.97 | 48,812 | 100.00 |
| es | 11,519 | (62.10) | 30,392 | 0.35 | 30,287 | 100.00 | 21,175 | (01.00) | - 115,102 | - | -10,012 | |
| | - 1,515 | (100.00) | 35,217 | (96.25) | 938,994 | 60.86 | 583,741 | 100.00 | | (100.00) | 81,676 | 182.13 |
| | 4,288,855 | | | | | | | | 2,597,483 | | | |
| | | (4.27) | 4,479,956 | 14.76 | 3,903,785 | 5.90 | 3,686,348 | 41.92 | | 3.15 | 2,518,055 | (2.03) |
| | 7,447,373 | 5.06 | 7,088,833 | 18.72 | 5,970,883 | 46.31 | 4,080,948 | (11.63) | 4,618,095 | 4.55 | 4,417,293 | 27.45 |

ASSETS

Non-current assets

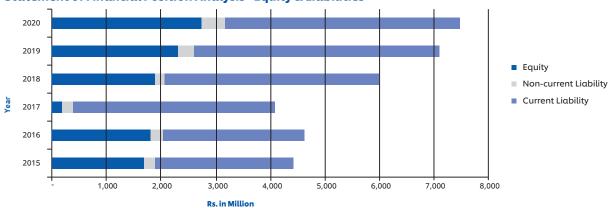
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Intangible assets Long term loans Long term deposit and prepayment Retirement benefit - prepayment

Current assets

Stores and spares Stock in trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits and short term prepayments Other receivables Taxation - net Cash and bank balances Sales tax refundable

| | 3,732,128 | 2.13 | 3,654,460 | 31.29 | 2,783,549 | 39.67 | 1,992,974 | (4.41) | 2,084,856 | 2.18 | 2,040,339 | 13.10 |
|---|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|----------|-----------|---------|-----------|----------|
| | 12,571 | (32.39) | 18,594 | (46.65) | 34,853 | 100.00 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 81,637 | - | 81,637 | - | 81,637 | - | 81,637 | - | 81,637 | - | 81,637 | - |
| | 3,371 | (34.63) | 5,157 | (54.52) | 11,338 | (14.14) | 13,205 | 7.34 | 12,302 | (67.41) | 37,749 | 111.42 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2,980 | - | 2,980 | - | 2,980 | 100.00 | - | (100.00) | 2,605 | 100.00 | - | - |
| t | - | _ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (100.00) |
| | 3,832,687 | 1.86 | 3,762,828 | 29.11 | 2,914,357 | 39.59 | 2,087,816 | (4.29) | 2,181,400 | 1.00 | 2,159,725 | 13.36 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 164,302 | 16.92 | 140,520 | 186.45 | 49,055 | 38.39 | 35,446 | 12.78 | 31,429 | 39.79 | 22,483 | (12.46) |
| | 999,124 | 10.72 | 902,351 | (6.30) | 963,034 | (4.44) | 1,007,742 | 5.17 | 958,171 | (0.12) | 959,276 | 12.98 |
| | 455,214 | (47.57) | 868,282 | 70.49 | 509,288 | 16.07 | 438,767 | 45.32 | 301,929 | 44.42 | 209,064 | 2.31 |
| | 69,256 | 399.90 | 13,854 | 5.70 | 13,107 | 7.58 | 12,184 | (48.94) | 23,864 | 57.21 | 15,180 | (5.58) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 77,395 | 437.17 | 14,408 | (57.62) | 33,996 | (59.80) | 84,566 | 14.20 | 74,049 | 46.68 | 50,484 | (15.95) |
| | 57,506 | 79.43 | 32,050 | (32.01) | 47,136 | 143.65 | 19,346 | 78.88 | 10,815 | (64.96) | 30,868 | (40.53) |
| | 648,799 | 52.22 | 426,235 | 61.53 | 263,869 | 455.24 | 47,523 | (86.09) | 341,659 | (9.36) | 376,961 | 116.84 |
| | 929,895 | 28.34 | 724,556 | (35.01) | 1,114,816 | 220.76 | 347,558 | (49.98) | 694,779 | 17.11 | 593,252 | 332.95 |
| | 213,195 | 4.64 | 203,749 | 227.44 | 62,225 | 100.00 | - | - | - | - | - | (100.00) |
| | 3,614,686 | 8.68 | 3,326,005 | 8.82 | 3,056,526 | 53.35 | 1,993,132 | (18.20) | 2,436,695 | 7.93 | 2,257,568 | 44.65 |
| | 7,447,373 | 5.06 | 7,088,833 | 18.72 | 5,970,883 | 46.31 | 4,080,948 | (11.63) | 4,618,095 | 4.55 | 4,417,293 | 27.45 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Statement of Financial Position Analysis - Equity & Liabilities



Statement of Financial Position

Vertical Analysis for 6 years

(Rs. in thousand)

| 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | |
|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|------|---|
| Rs. | % |

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

Capital and reserves

Share capital Reserves

Non-current liabilities

Retirement benefits - obligation Long term borrowing Lease liabilities Deferred taxation

Current liabilities

Trade and other payables Provision Accrued interest / mark up Sales tax payable Current portion of lease liabilities Short term borrowings

| 63,699 | 0.85 | 63,699 | 0.90 | 63,699 | 1.07 | 61,576 | 1.51 | 61,576 | 1.33 | 61,576 | 1.39 |
|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| 2,683,995 | 36.04 | 2,240,498 | 31.60 | 1,828,864 | 30.63 | 119,894 | 2.94 | 1,743,342 | 37.75 | 1,617,018 | 36.61 |
| 2,747,694 | 36.89 | 2,304,197 | 32.50 | 1,892,563 | 31.70 | 181,470 | 4.45 | 1,804,918 | 39.08 | 1,678,594 | 38.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25,727 | 0.34 | 24,141 | 0.34 | 14,000 | 0.23 | 9,345 | 0.23 | 2,452 | 0.05 | 5,691 | 0.13 |
| 23,660 | 0.32 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 387 | 0.01 | - | - | 24,819 | 0.42 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 361,050 | 4.85 | 280,539 | 3.96 | 135,716 | 2.27 | 203,785 | 4.99 | 213,242 | 4.62 | 214,953 | 4.87 |
| 410,824 | 5.52 | 304,680 | 4.30 | 174,535 | 2.92 | 213,130 | 5.22 | 215,694 | 4.67 | 220,644 | 5.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4,168,976 | 55.98 | 4,274,576 | 60.30 | 2,867,577 | 48.03 | 3,018,467 | 73.96 | 2,424,678 | 52.50 | 2,348,513 | 53.17 |
| 107,740 | 1.45 | 105,054 | 1.48 | 53,536 | 0.90 | 60,659 | 1.49 | 57,623 | 1.26 | 37,935 | 0.86 |
| 620 | 0.01 | 34,717 | 0.49 | 13,391 | 0.22 | 2,288 | 0.06 | - | - | 1,119 | 0.02 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | 21,193 | 0.52 | 115,182 | 2.49 | 48,812 | 1.10 |
| 11,519 | 0.15 | 30,392 | 0.43 | 30,287 | 0.50 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | 35,217 | 0.50 | 938,994 | 15.73 | 583,741 | 14.30 | - | - | 81,676 | 1.85 |
| 4,288,855 | 57.59 | 4,479,956 | 63.20 | 3,903,785 | 65.38 | 3,686,348 | 90.33 | 2,597,483 | 56.25 | 2,518,055 | 57.00 |
| 7,447,373 | 100.00 | 7,088,833 | 100.00 | 5,970,883 | 100.00 | 4,080,948 | 100.00 | 4,618,095 | 100.00 | 4,417,293 | 100.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

ASSETS

Non-current assets

Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Intangible assets Long term loans Long term deposit and prepayment Retirement benefit - prepayment

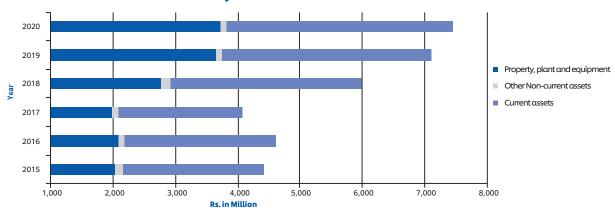
Current assets

Stores and spares
Stock in trade
Trade debts
Loans and advances
Trade deposits and short term
prepayments
Other receivables
Taxation - payments less provision
Cash and bank balances
Sales tax refundable

| | | 1 | | | _ | | | | | | |
|-----------|--------|------------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| 3,732,128 | 50.11 | 3,654,460 | 51.56 | 2,783,549 | 46.62 | 1,992,974 | 48.84 | 2,084,856 | 45.15 | 2,040,339 | 46.19 |
| 12,571 | 0.17 | 18,594 | 0.26 | 34,853 | 0.58 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 81,637 | 1.10 | 81,637 | 1.15 | 81,637 | 1.37 | 81,637 | 2.00 | 81,637 | 1.77 | 81,637 | 1.85 |
| 3,371 | 0.05 | 5,157 | 0.07 | 11,338 | 0.19 | 13,205 | 0.32 | 12,302 | 0.27 | 37,749 | 0.85 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2,980 | 0.03 | 2,980 | 0.04 | 2,980 | 0.05 | _ | _ | 2,605 | 0.05 | _ | _ |
| | _ | - | _ | , | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3,832,687 | 51.46 | 3,762,828 | 53.08 | 2,914,357 | 48.81 | 2.087.816 | 51.16 | 2.181.400 | 47.24 | 2,159,725 | 48.89 |
| 5,052,007 | 5 | 3,7 02,020 | 55.00 | 2,514,557 | 10.01 | 2,007,010 | 51.10 | 2,101,100 | | 2,103,720 | 10.05 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 164.302 | 2.21 | 140.520 | 1.98 | 49.055 | 0.82 | 35,446 | 0.87 | 31,429 | 0.68 | 22,483 | 0.51 |
| | | -, | 1.96 | ., | 16.13 | | 24.69 | | 20.75 | , | |
| 999,124 | 13.42 | 902,351 | | 963,034 | | 1,007,742 | | 958,171 | | 959,276 | 21.72 |
| 455,214 | 6.11 | 868,282 | 12.25 | 509,288 | 8.53 | 438,767 | 10.75 | 301,929 | 6.54 | 209,064 | 4.73 |
| 69,256 | 0.93 | 13,854 | 0.19 | 13,107 | 0.22 | 12,184 | 0.30 | 23,864 | 0.52 | 15,180 | 0.34 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 77,395 | 1.04 | 14,408 | 0.20 | 33,996 | 0.57 | 84,566 | 2.07 | 74,049 | 1.60 | 50,484 | 1.14 |
| 57,506 | 0.77 | 32,050 | 0.45 | 47,136 | 0.79 | 19,346 | 0.47 | 10,815 | 0.23 | 30,868 | 0.71 |
| 648,799 | 8.71 | 426,235 | 6.01 | 263,869 | 4.42 | 47,523 | 1.17 | 341,659 | 7.40 | 376,961 | 8.53 |
| 929,895 | 12.49 | 724,556 | 10.23 | 1,114,816 | 18.67 | 347,558 | 8.52 | 694,779 | 15.04 | 593,252 | 13.43 |
| 213,195 | 2.86 | 203,749 | 2.87 | 62,225 | 1.04 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3,614,686 | 48.54 | 3,326,005 | 46.92 | 3,056,526 | 51.19 | 1,993,132 | 48.84 | 2,436,695 | 52.76 | 2,257,568 | 51.11 |
| 7,447,373 | 100.00 | 7,088,833 | 100.00 | 5,970,883 | 100.00 | 4,080,948 | 100.00 | 4,618,095 | 100.00 | 4,417,293 | 100.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Balance Sheet Analysis - Assets

Statement of Financial Position Analysis - Assets



Profit or Loss Account and other Comprehensive Income

Horizontal Analysis for 6 years

(Rs. in thousand)

| | 2020 Rs. | 20 Vs.19 % | 2019 Rs. | 19 Vs.18 % | 2018 Rs. | 18 Vs.17 % | 2017 Rs. | 17 Vs.16 % | 2016 Rs. | 16 Vs.15 % | 2015 Rs. | 15 Vs.14 % |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sales | 15,572,747 | 17.16 | 13,291,424 | 11.71 | 11,898,430 | 10.73 | 10,745,260 | 13.50 | 9,466,836 | 10.45 | 8,571,097 | 10.07 |
| Cost of sales | (8,894,178) | 14.19 | (7,789,001) | 18.93 | (6,549,353) | 10.79 | (5,911,696) | 12.29 | (5,264,621) | 11.10 | (4,738,804) | 7.04 |
| Gross profit | 6,678,569 | 21.38 | 5,502,423 | 2.87 | 5,349,077 | 10.67 | 4,833,564 | 15.02 | 4,202,215 | 9.65 | 3,832,293 | 14.05 |
| Distribution cost | (2,274,181) | (0.87) | (2,294,223) | (14.73) | (2,690,609) | 1.56 | (2,649,320) | 18.35 | (2,238,606) | 14.56 | (1,954,022) | 35.13 |
| Administrative expenses | (450,428) | 15.02 | (391,596) | 24.16 | (315,392) | 4.17 | (302,756) | 95.15 | (155,137) | 0.54 | (154,298) | (4.01) |
| Other operating expenses | (285,906) | 60.56 | (178,067) | 25.39 | (142,016) | 3.26 | (137,533) | 8.65 | (126,587) | 0.97 | (125,372) | (1.45) |
| Other income | 409,454 | 34.54 | 304,339 | (11.04) | 342,115 | 68.72 | 202,771 | 68.49 | 120,343 | 16.64 | 103,174 | (9.16) |
| Profit from operations | 4,077,508 | 38.56 | 2,942,876 | 15.72 | 2,543,175 | 30.64 | 1,946,726 | 8.02 | 1,802,228 | 5.90 | 1,701,775 | (2.18) |
| Finance costs | (22,550) | (83.31) | (135,076) | 185.57 | (47,300) | 81.78 | (26,020) | (24.51) | (34,470) | (4.49) | (36,090) | (27.52) |
| Profit before taxation | 4,054,958 | 44.42 | 2,807,800 | 12.50 | 2,495,875 | 29.95 | 1,920,706 | 8.65 | 1,767,758 | 6.13 | 1,665,685 | (1.43) |
| Taxation | (217,546) | (38.70) | (354,862) | (53.39) | (761,418) | 34.76 | (565,033) | 14.92 | (491,669) | 13.40 | (433,557) | (16.32) |
| Profit after taxation | 3,837,412 | 56.44 | 2,452,938 | 41.42 | 1,734,457 | 27.94 | 1,355,673 | 6.24 | 1,276,089 | 3.57 | 1,232,128 | 5.15 |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) | 4,581 | 256 | (2,935) | (10,970) | 27 | 100.54 | (4,992) | (427.34) | 1,525 | 134.49 | (4,421) | (538.59) |
| Total comprehensive income | 3,841,993 | 56.82 | 2,450,003 | 41.25 | 1,734,484 | 28.42 | 1,350,681 | 5.72 | 1,277,614 | 4.07 | 1,227,707 | 4.68 |

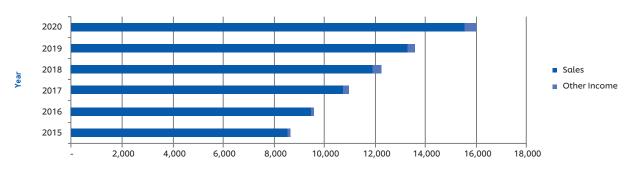
Vertical Analysis for 6 years

(Rs. in thousand)

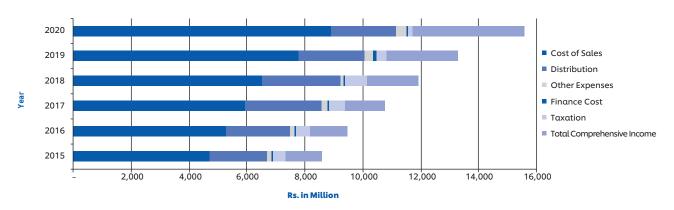
| | 2020 Rs. | 20 Vs.19 % | 2019 Rs. | 19 Vs.18 % | 2018 Rs. | 18 Vs.17 % | 2017 Rs. | 17 Vs.16 % | 2016 Rs. | 16 Vs.15 % | 2015 Rs. | 15 Vs.14 % |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sales | 15,572,747 | 100.00 | 13,291,424 | 100.00 | 11,898,430 | 100.00 | 10,745,260 | 100.00 | 9,466,836 | 100.00 | 8,571,097 | 100.00 |
| Cost of sales | (8,894,178) | (57.11) | (7,789,001) | (58.60) | (6,549,353) | (55.04) | (5,911,696) | (55.02) | (5,264,621) | (55.61) | (4,738,804) | (55.29) |
| Gross profit | 6,678,569 | 42.89 | 5,502,423 | 41.40 | 5,349,077 | 44.96 | 4,833,564 | 44.98 | 4,202,215 | 44.39 | 3,832,293 | 44.71 |
| Distribution cost | (2,274,181) | (14.60) | (2,294,223) | (17.26) | (2,690,609) | (22.61) | (2,649,320) | (24.66) | (2,238,606) | (23.65) | (1,954,022) | (22.80) |
| Administrative expenses | (450,428) | (2.89) | (391,596) | (2.95) | (315,392) | (2.65) | (302,756) | (2.82) | (155,137) | (1.64) | (154,298) | (1.80) |
| Other operating expenses | (285,906) | (1.84) | (178,067) | (1.34) | (142,016) | (1.19) | (137,533) | (1.28) | (126,587) | (1.34) | (125,372) | (1.46) |
| Other operating income | 409,454 | 2.63 | 304,339 | 2.29 | 342,115 | 2.88 | 202,771 | 1.89 | 120,343 | 1.27 | 103,174 | 1.20 |
| Profit from operations | 4,077,508 | 26.18 | 2,942,876 | 22.14 | 2,543,175 | 21.37 | 1,946,726 | 18.12 | 1,802,228 | 19.04 | 1,701,775 | 19.85 |
| Finance costs | (22,550) | (0.14) | (135,076) | (1.02) | (47,300) | (0.40) | (26,020) | (0.24) | (34,470) | (0.36) | (36,090) | (0.42) |
| Profit before taxation | 4,054,958 | 26.04 | 2,807,800 | 21.12 | 2,495,875 | 20.98 | 1,920,706 | 17.87 | 1,767,758 | 18.67 | 1,665,685 | 19.43 |
| Taxation | (217,546) | (1.40) | (354,862) | (2.67) | (761,418) | (6.40) | (565,033) | (5.26) | (491,669) | (5.19) | (433,557) | (5.06) |
| Profit after taxation | 3,837,412 | 24.64 | 2,452,938 | 18.46 | 1,734,457 | 14.58 | 1,355,673 | 12.62 | 1,276,089 | 13.48 | 1,232,128 | 14.38 |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) | 4,581 | 0.03 | (2,935) | (0.02) | 27 | 0.00 | (4,992) | (0.05) | 1,525 | 0.02 | (4,421) | (0.05) |
| Total comprehensive income | 3,841,993 | 24.67 | 2,450,003 | 18.43 | 1,734,484 | 14.58 | 1,350,681 | 12.57 | 1,277,614 | 13.50 | 1,227,707 | 14.32 |

Graphical Analysis

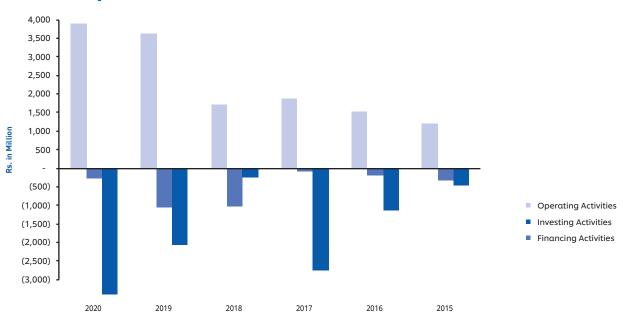
Profit or Loss Analysis - Income



Profit or Loss Analysis - Expenses

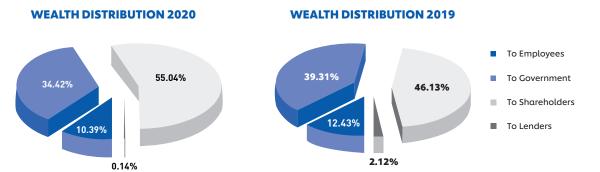


Cash Flows Analysis



Statement of Wealth Generated and Distributed

| | 2020 Rs. in thousand | 2019 Rs. in thousand |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| WEALTH GENERATED | | |
| Total Revenue inclusive of | | |
| sales tax and other Income | 17,612,886 | 14,950,763 |
| Bought-in materials and services | (10,125,735) | (9,171,878) |
| | 7,487,151 | 5,778,885 |
| WEALTH DISTRIBUTION | | |
| To Employees | | |
| Salaries, benefits and other costs | 778,194 | 718,423 |
| To Government | | |
| Income tax, sales tax, excise duty, | | |
| custom duty, WWF and WPPF | 2,577,397 | 2,271,929 |
| To Providers of Capital | | |
| Dividend to shareholders | 4,121,206 | 2,665,974 |
| Mark-up / interest expense on borrowed funds | 10,354 | 122,559 |
| | 7,487,151 | 5,778,885 |



Pattern of Shareholding

As at December 31, 2020

| Number of Shareholders | Share | eholdings' Slab | | Total Shares Held* | | |
|---|---|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| | From | То | | | | |
| 678 91 18 16 3 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 101 501 1,001 5,001 10,001 25,001 35,001 45,001 50,001 70,001 75,001 80,001 95,001 115,001 125,001 135,001 4,875,001 | 100 500 1,000 5,000 10,000 15,000 30,000 40,000 50,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 85,000 100,000 120,000 130,000 4,880,000 | | | 19,890 17,411 11,378 31,904 18,328 25,158 59,751 75,084 145,816 108,096 69,500 70,085 78,524 80,344 296,058 117,786 129,028 139,515 4,876,294 6,369,950 | |
| Shareholders' Category | | Number of Shareholders | Number of Shares Held | | Percentage | |
| Associated Companies, underta related parties | kings and | 1 | 4,876,294 | | 76.55 | |
| Directors, CEO and their spouse children | (s) and minor | 12 | 396,867 | | 6.23 | |
| Public Sector Companies and Co | orporations | 2 | 64 | | 0.00 | |
| Banks, development finance ins non-banking finance companies companies, takaful, modarabas funds | s, insurance | 3 | 1,122 | | 0.02 | |
| Executives | | 1 | 30 | | 0.00 | |
| General Public | | | | | | |
| a. Local* b. Foreign* | | 784 8 | 1,090,735 424 | | 17.12 0.01 | |
| Foreign Companies | | 1 | 1,720 | | 0.03 | |
| Others | | 16 | 2,694 | | 0.04 | |
| Totals | | 828 | 6,369,950 | | 100.00 | |
| Shareholders holding 5% or mo | re: | | Shares Held | | Percentage | |
| CONOPCO, INC. | | | 4,876,294 | | 76.55 | |

Pattern of Shareholding Additional Information

As at December 31, 2020

Information on shareholding required under reporting framework of Code of Corporate Governance is as follows:

| Sho | areholders' Category | Number of Shareholders | Number of Shares Held |
|-----------|---|--|--|
| i) | Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties (name-wise details) | | |
| | CONOPCO, INC. | 1 | 4,876,294 |
| ii) | Directors, CEO and their spouse(s) and minor children | | |
| | Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza Mr. Amir R. Paracha Mr. Aly Yusuf Ms. Farheen Salman Amir Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo Mr. Mohammad Adil Monnoo Mr. Kamal Monnoo Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman Mr. Ali Tariq Mr. Khalid Mansoor Ms. Amna Monnoo D/o Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo Mrs. Sarwat Zulfikar W/o Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1,823 1 1 1 1 159,173 112,184 118,034 1 1 1 30 5,617 |
| iii) | Public Sector Companies and Corporations | 2 | 64 |
| iv) v) | Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds Shareholders holding 5% or more voting rights (name-wise details) | 3 | 1,122 |
| | CONOPCO Inc. | 1 | 4,876,294 |

Dealings in Shares by Directors, Executives, and their spouses and minor children

During January 01, 2020 to December 31, 2020

| S.No. | Name | Acquired during the year |
|-------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. | Amir R. Paracha | 1 |
| 2. | Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman | 1 |

Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

The Company has complied with the requirements of the 12. Regulations in the following manner:

- The total number of Directors are 10 as per the following:
 - a Male: 9
 - b. Female: 1
- The composition of Board is as follows:

Category Names Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza **Independent Directors** (Chairman of the Board) Mr. Khalid Mansoor Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman **Executive Directors** Mr. Amir R. Paracha (CEO) Mr. Aly Yusuf (CFO) Ms. Farheen Salman Amir Female Directors Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo Non-Executive Directors Mr. Muhammad Adil Monnoo Mr. Kamal Monnoo Mr. Ali Tariq

- 3. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company.
- 4. The company has adopted Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company.
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and in his absence by a Director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8 The Board of Directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. All the Directors of the Company has completed Directors Training Program.
- The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of 10. Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.

- The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:
- a) **Audit Committee**
 - Mr. Khalid Mansoor (Chairman)
 - Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo

 - Mr. Muhammad Adil Monnoo
 - Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman
- HR and Remuneration Committee b)
 - Mr. Kamran Y. Mirza (Chairman)
 - Mr. Zulfikar Monnoo
 - Mr. Kamal Monnoo
 - Mr. Sarfaraz Ahmed Rehman
 - Mr. Amir R. Paracha
- The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/ yearly) of the committee were as per following:
 - a) Audit Committee 04 Meetings during the year
 - HR and Remuneration Committee 01 Meeting during
- The Board has co-sourced the internal audit function to A.F.Ferguson & Co (a member firm of PricewaterHouseCoopers), BDO Ebrahim & Co. & Deloitte Yousuf Adil who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of the Quality Control Review program of the institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the guidit are not a partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company.
- The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- We confirm that all requirements including regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27,32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.

For the purpose of Clause 6 (1), the Company has not rounded up the fraction as one since the Board has adequate Independent Directors i.e. 03 Independent Directors out of the Board of 10 Directors. We have duly complied with the minimum requirement of Executive & Independent Director. The additional number out of 10 is assigned to Non-Executive Director.

Amir R. Paracha Chief Executive Officer Kamran Y. Mirza Chairman

Karachi March 01, 2021

Independent Auditor's Review Report

To the members of Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of **Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited** (the Company) for the year ended 31 December 2020 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Date: March 05, 2021

Karachi

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2020



Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited** (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at **31 December 2020**, and the statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key audit matters:

| S. No. | Key audit matters | How the matters were addressed in our audit |
|--------|--|--|
| 1. | Revenue Recognition | |
| | Refer notes 4.19 and 26 to the financial statements. The amount of revenue is the most significant class of transaction on the statement of profit or loss account. Revenue is recognized when control of the underlying products has been transferred to the customer. We identified revenue recognition as a key audit matter since it is a key performance measure for the Company and gives rise to the risk associated with the judgement in determining the transfer of control of goods. | Our audit procedures in respect of recognition of revenue, amongst others, included the following: Assessing the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies by comparing with applicable accounting standards; Obtaining an understanding of and testing the design and operating effectiveness of controls designed to ensure that revenue is recognized in the appropriate accounting period; Comparing, on a sample basis, specific revenue transactions recorded before and after the reporting date with underlying documentation to assess whether revenue has been recognized in the appropriate accounting period; Critically assessing manual journals posted to revenue to identify unusual or irregular items; and Testing, on a sample basis, invoices and inspecting credit notes issued subsequent to year end for accuracy of revenue. |

| S. No. | Key audit matters | How the matters were addressed in our audit | |
|--------|---|--|--|
| 2. | Valuation of stock-in-trade | | |
| | Refer notes 4.8 and 11 to the financial statements. Stock-in-trade forms a significant part of the Company's total assets. Stock-in-trade comprise of raw and packing materials, work in process and finished goods which are stated at lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. We identified the valuation of stock in- trade as a key audit matter because there is a potential risk of inappropriate valuation as determining an appropriate write-down as a result of net realizable value (NRV) being lower than their cost and provisions for slow moving and obsolescence stock-in-trade involve significant management judgment and estimation. | Our audit procedures in respect of valuation of stock-in-trade, amongst others, included the following: • Obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and testing implementation of management's controls over valuation of stock-in-trade including identification of slow moving and / or obsolete stock-in-trade and estimation of NRV; • Evaluating and testing, on a sample basis, management's determination of NRV and the key estimates adopted, including future selling prices and costs necessary to make the sales and their basis of calculation; and • assessing compliance of management's policies with regards to provisioning of slow moving and / or obsolete stock-in-trade; aging analysis of stock-in-trade and forecasted sales determined by management. | |
| 3. | Capitalization of Property, Plant and Equipment | | |
| | Refer notes 4.1 and 6 to the financial statements. The Company has incurred significant capital expenditure on expansion of manufacturing facilities. We identified capitalization of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter because there is a risk that capitalization criteria as per applicable accounting standards may not be appropriately followed and transfer of assets from capital work-in-progress to operating fixed assets | Our audit procedures in respect of capitalization of property, plant and equipment, amongst others, included the following: • obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and testing implementation of management controls over capitalization of property, plant and equipment and timely transfers from capital work-in-progress to operating fixed assets as per applicable accounting standards; | |

| S. No. | Key audit matters | How the matters were addressed in our audit |
|--------|--|--|
| | may not be done on timely basis resulting in understatement of depreciation charge for the year. | testing, on sample basis, capital expenditure incurred with supporting documentation and assessing whether the expenditure meets the criteria for capitalization as per applicable accounting standards; and performing substantive procedures over timely transfer of assets from capital work-in-progress to operating fixed assets which included assessing status of items in capital work-in-progress at year end and evaluating whether transfer of assets were made on a timely basis. |

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The Other Information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss account and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Moneeza Usman Butt.

Date: March 5, 2021 Karachi KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2020

| | Note | 2020 | 2019 | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| ASSETS | ←——(Rupees in thousand) ——— | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 6 | 3,732,128 | 3,654,460 | |
| Right-of-use assets | 7 | 12,571 | 18,594 | |
| Intangible assets | 8 | 81,637 | 81,637 | |
| Long term deposits | | 2,980 | 2,980 | |
| Long term loans and advances | 9 | 3,371 | 5,157 | |
| | | 3,832,687 | 3,762,828 | |
| Current assets | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Stores and spares | 10 | 164,302 | 140,520 | |
| Stock-in-trade | 11 | 999,124 | 902,351 | |
| Trade debts - net | 12 | 455,214 | 868,282 | |
| Loans and advances | 13 | 69,256 | 13,854 | |
| Trade deposits and short term prepayments | 14 | 77,395 | 14,408 | |
| Other receivables | 15 | 57,506 | 32,050 | |
| Sales tax refundable - net | | 213,195 | 203,749 | |
| Taxation - net | | 648,799 | 426,235 | |
| Cash and bank balances | 16 | 929,895 | 724,556 | |
| | | 3,614,686 | 3,326,005 | |
| | | | | |
| Total assets | | 7,447,373 | 7,088,833 | |

Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2020

| | Note | 2020 | 2019 | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------|-----------|--|
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | ← | ──(Rupees in thousαnd) ─── | | |
| Share capital and reserves | | | | |
| Share capital | 17 | 63,699 | 63,699 | |
| Reserves | 18 | 2,683,995 | 2,240,498 | |
| | | 2,747,694 | 2,304,197 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | |
| Staff retirement benefits | 19 | 25,727 | 24,141 | |
| Long term borrowing | 20 | 23,660 | - | |
| Lease liabilities | 7 | 387 | - | |
| Deferred taxation | 21 | 361,050 | 280,539 | |
| | | 410,824 | 304,680 | |
| Current liabilities | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 22 | 4,112,349 | 4,225,724 | |
| Unpaid dividend | | 31,180 | 27,348 | |
| Unclaimed dividend | | 25,447 | 21,504 | |
| Provisions | 23 | 107,740 | 105,054 | |
| Accrued interest / mark up | | 620 | 34,717 | |
| Current portion of lease liabilities | 7 | 11,519 | 30,392 | |
| Short term borrowings | 24 | - | 35,217 | |
| | | 4,288,855 | 4,479,956 | |
| Total liabilities | | 4,699,679 | 4,784,636 | |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 7,447,373 | 7,088,833 | |
| Contingencies and commitments | 25 | | | |

The annexed notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Profit or Loss Account and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended December 31, 2020

| | Note | 2020 ← (Rupees in t | 2019 thousand) → |
|---|------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Sales - net | 26 | 15,572,747 | 13,291,424 |
| Cost of sales | 27 | (8,894,178) | (7,789,001) |
| Gross profit | | 6,678,569 | 5,502,423 |
| Distribution cost | 28 | (2,274,181) | (2,294,223) |
| Administrative expenses | 29 | (450,428) | (391,596) |
| Other operating expenses | 30 | (285,906) | (178,067) |
| Other income | 31 | 409,454 | 304,339 |
| Operating profit | | 4,077,508 | 2,942,876 |
| Finance costs | 32 | (22,550) | (135,076) |
| Profit before taxation | | 4,054,958 | 2,807,800 |
| Taxation | 33 | (217,546) | (354,862) |
| Profit after taxation | | 3,837,412 | 2,452,938 |
| Other comprehensive income : | | | |
| Gain / (Loss) on remeasurements of post employment defined benefit obligation | | 6,452 | (4,134) |
| Impact of deferred tax | | (1,871) | 1,199 |
| | | 4,581 | (2,935) |
| Total comprehensive income | | 3,841,993 | 2,450,003 |
| | | ← (Ru | pees) |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share | 34 | <u>602.42</u> | 385.08 |

The annexed notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Amir R. Paracha Chief Executive Officer **Farheen Salman**Director

Aly YusufDirector and Chief Financial Officer

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2020

| | 2020 ← (Rupees in t | 2019 |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | (Rupees in C | nousand) |
| Profit before taxation | 4,054,958 | 2,807,800 |
| Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items | | |
| Depreciation | 283,794 | 213,036 |
| Depreciation on right-of-use asset | 23,613 | 27,048 |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | - | (810) |
| Reversal of provision for impairment of fixed assets | - | (14,581) |
| Provision for staff retirement benefits | 9,531 | 9,910 |
| Property, plant and equipments written off | 2,086 | - |
| Mark-up on short term borrowings | 10,354 | 122,559 |
| Return on savings accounts | (99,015) | (3,762) |
| | 230,363 | 353,400 |
| | 4,285,321 | 3,161,200 |
| Effect on cash flows due to working capital changes | | |
| Decrease / (Increase) in current assets | | |
| Stores and spares | (23,782) | (91,465) |
| Stock in trade - net | (96,773) | 60,683 |
| Trade debts | 413,068 | (358,994) |
| Loans and advances | (55,402) | (747) |
| Trade deposits and short term prepayments | (62,987) | 19,588 |
| Sales tax refundable | (9,446) | (141,524) |
| Other receivables | (25,456) | 15,086 |
| | 139,222 | (497,373) |
| Increase / (Decrease) in current liabilities | | |
| Trade and other payables | (113,375) | 1,428,137 |
| Provisions | 2,686 | 13,715 |
| | (110,689) | 1,441,852 |
| Cash generated from operations (carried forward) | 4,313,854 | 4,105,679 |

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2020

| Note | 2020 ← (Rupees ir | 2019 • thousand) → |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| | | |
| Cash generated from operations (brought forward) | 4,313,854 | 4,105,679 |
| Mark up paid | (44,452) | (101,232) |
| Income tax paid | (361,469) | (371,205) |
| Staff retirement benefits - contributions paid | (1,493) | (3,905) |
| Decrease in long term loans | 1,786 | 6,181 |
| Net cash from operating activities | 3,908,226 | 3,635,518 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | (363,548) | (1,069,366) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | - | 810 |
| Return received on savings accounts | 99,015 | 3,762 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (264,533) | (1,064,794) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Lease liability payments | (36,076) | (35,503) |
| Proceeds from long term financing | 23,660 | - |
| Dividends paid | (3,390,721) | (2,021,704) |
| Net cash used In financing activities | (3,403,137) | (2,057,207) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 240,556 | 513,517 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year | 689,339 | 175,822 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 42 | 929,895 | 689,339 |
| | | |

The annexed notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Amir R. Paracha Chief Executive Officer **Farheen Salman**Director

Aly Yusuf

Director and Chief Financial Officer

Statement of Changes in Equity

| For the year ended Decembe | er 31, 2020 | | | | | | |
|--|--|------------------|---------|--------------|--------------------------|-----------|----------|
| | SHARE | | | RESE | RVES | | TOTAL |
| | CAPITAL | CA | CAPITAL | | REVENUE | | |
| | Issued, subscribed and paid up capital | Share Premium | Special | General | Unappropriated Profit | TOTAL | |
| | • | | | (Rupees in t | housand) ——— | | |
| Balance as at January 1, 2019 | 63,699 | 1,296,499 | 628 | 138 | 531,599 | 1,828,864 | 1,892,56 |
| ransactions with owners of the Company - Distribution | on | | | | | | |
| Final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2018 @ Rs. 76 per share | - | - | - | - | (484,113) | (484,113) | (484,11 |
| rirst Interim dividend for the year ended December 31, 2019 @ Rs. 88 per share | - | - | - | _ | (560,551) | (560,551) | (560,55 |
| econd Interim dividend for the year ended December 31, 2019 @ Rs 63 per share | - | - | - | - | (401,304) | (401,304) | (401,304 |
| hird Interim dividend for the year ended December 31, 2019 @ Rs 93 per share | - | - | - | - | (592,401) | (592,401) | (592,40 |
| otal comprehensive income for the year | | | | | | | |
| Profit for year ended December 31, 2019 Other Comprehensive income for the year | - | - | - | - | 2,452,938 | 2,452,938 | 2,452,93 |
| ended December 31, 2019 | - | - | - | - | (2,935) | (2,935) | (2,93 |
| | | | | - | 2,450,003 | 2,450,003 | 2,450,00 |
| calance as at December 31, 2019 | 63,699 | 1,296,499 | 628 | 138 | 943,233 | 2,240,498 | 2,304,19 |
| inal dividend for the year ended December 31, 2019 @ Rs. 142 per share | - | - | - | - | (904,533) | (904,533) | (904,53 |
| irst Interim dividend for the year ending December 31, 2020 @ Rs. 130 per share | - | - | - | - | (828,094) | (828,094) | (828,09 |
| econd Interim dividend for the year ending eccember 31, 2020 @ Rs. 141 per share | - | - | - | - | (898,163) | (898,163) | (898,16 |
| nird Interim dividend for the year ending ecember 31, 2020 @ Rs. 120.52 per share | - | - | - | - | (767,706) | (767,706) | (767,7 |
| otal comprehensive income for the period | | | | | | | |
| - Profit for the year ended December 31, 2020 | - | - | - | - | 3,837,412 | 3,837,412 | 3,837,41 |
| - Other Comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2020 | _ | - | - | _ | 4,581 | 4,581 | 4,58 |
| | - | - | - | - | 3,841,993 | 3,841,993 | 3,841,99 |
| Balance as at December 31, 2020 | 63,699 | 1,296,499 | 628 | 138 | 1,386,730 | 2,683,995 | 2,747,6 |

The annexed notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2020

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Pakistan and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. It manufactures and sells consumer and commercial food products under brand names of Rafhan, Knorr, Energile, Glaxose-D and Food Solutions. The registered office of the Company is situated at Avari Plaza, Fatima Jinnah Road, Karachi.

The Company is a subsidiary of Conopco Inc. USA, whereas its ultimate parent Company is Unilever PLC United Kingdom.

The manufacturing facilities and sales offices of the Company are situated at the following locations:

Factory

52-Km, Multan Road Lahore, Parna Plant Near Bhai Pheru.

Sales Offices

- 4th Floor, Siddiqui Center, Abdali Masjid Road, Multan.
- 12 D East, SNC Centre, 1st Floor, Blue Area, Islamabad.
- Shahpur Interchange, 14KM Multan Road, Lahore.
- Beacon Impex Plaza, Bilal Road, New Civil Lines, Faisalabad.
- 4th Floor, Shafi Court Building, Mereweather Road, Karachi.
- Plot #A/51-B SITE Area, Hyderabad.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and pronouncements

a) Changes in accounting policy resulting from adoption of new standard during the year

The following new or amended standards and interpretations became effective during the year which are not considered to be relevant to the Company's financial statements:

- Amendment to IFRS 3 'Business Combinations'
- Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- Amendments to IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial instruments', IFRS 7 'Financial instruments: disclosure' and IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'

Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective

The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2021. Management is in the process of evaluating the impact of these amendments and new standards:

- Amendments to IFRS 16 'Leases'
- Amendment to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' , IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosure' & IAS 39 'Financial Instruments' , IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts': Recognition and Measurement

2.3 Effects on accounting policies during the year due to COVID-19

A novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) that first surfaced in China was classified as a pandemic by the World Health Organization on March 11, 2020, impacting countries globally. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closure of non-essential services and factories have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Life in Pakistan is getting largely back to normal, or perhaps, adapting to the new normal, and the last vestiges of partial lockdown restrictions are being lifted. Offices, restaurants, schools and universities have reopened with strict SOPs in place including social distancing, wearing face masks and sanitization protocols. Based on management's assessment, COVID-19 does not have a significant impact on the Company considering demand from its customers, availability of imports and measures taken by Government to support the industry in which the Company operates.

3. MEASUREMENT BASIS

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policy notes.

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is the functional currency of the Company and figures are rounded off to the nearest thousands of Rupees.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

4.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment of each class is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any, except for free hold land and capital work in progress which are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method to charge off their cost excluding residual value, if not insignificant, over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which asset is available for use and on disposals up to the month of deletion.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to statement of profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss account.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less identified impairment loss, if any. It consists of all expenditures and advances connected with specific assets incurred and made during installations and construction period. These are transferred to relevant property, plant and equipment as and when assets are available for use.

4.2 Leases

The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease at inception of the contract. This assessment involves the exercise of judgement about whether it depends on a specified asset, whether the Company obtains substantially all the economic benefits from the use of that asset, and whether the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

The Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date, except for short term leases of 12 months or less and leases of low value items, which are expensed in the statement of profit or loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payment that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate applicable in the market for such leases.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method and remeasured (with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset) when there is a change in future lease payments in case of renegotiation, changes of an index or rate or in case of reassessment of options.

At inception, the ROU asset comprises the initial lease liability, initial direct costs and the obligations to refurbish the asset, less any incentives granted by the lessors. The ROU asset is depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. The ROU asset is subject to testing for impairment if there is an indicator for impairment, as for owned assets.

4.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets having definite useful life are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment, if any. Amortization is calculated using the straight line method to charge off their cost over their estimated useful lives. Intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

The useful lives of intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support an indefinite useful life assessment for the asset.

4.4 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the statement of profit or loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, as the case may be.

4.4.1 Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxability of certain income streams of the Company under Final, Minimum and Normal tax regime at the applicable tax rates, after taking into account tax credits and tax rebates available, if any.

4.4.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the financial position method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit at the time of the transaction. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

4.5 Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

4.6 Staff retirement benefits

The Company operates various post-employment schemes, including both defined benefit and defined contribution plans.

4.6.1 Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

i) Provident fund

The Company operates an approved contributory provident fund for all employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Company and the employees, to the fund at the rate of 6% per annum of the base salary of management employees and 14% of base salary plus cost of living allowance in respect of unionized staff respectively.

ii) DC Pension Fund

The Company has established a defined contribution plan - DC Pension Fund for the following management employees:

- a) permanent employees who joined on or after April 1, 2012; and
- b) permanent employees who joined on or before March 31, 2012 and opted for DC Pension plan in lieu of future benefits under the existing pension and management gratuity.

Contributions are made by the Company to the plan at the rate of 9% per annum of the base salary.

4.6.2 Defined benefit plans

Defined benefit plans define an amount of pension or gratuity that an employee will receive on or after retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation. A defined benefit plan is a plan that is not a defined contribution plan. The liability recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligations are calculated annually by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

The present values of the defined benefit obligations are determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds or the market rates on government bond. These are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension obligation.

The Company operates the funded gratuity scheme for non-management employees of the Company. Contributions are made on the basis of the actuarial valuation. The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at December 31, 2020, using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method'.

The amount arising as a result of remeasurements are recognized in the statement of financial position immediately, with a charge or credit to other comprehensive income in the periods in which they occur.

Past-service costs are recognized immediately in statement of profit or loss account.

4.6.3 Other long-term employee benefits

The Company's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Remeasurements are recognized in statement of profit or loss account in the period in which they arise.

The Company provides long term service awards for staff completing specified years of service. All full-time permanent employees are eligible for these awards. Contributions are made on the basis of actuarial valuation. The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at December 31, 2020.

4.7 Stores and spares

These are valued at weighted average cost less impairment loss, if any, except for items in transit which are stated at invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon. Cost comprises invoice value and other direct costs but excludes borrowing costs. Provision is made for obsolete / slow moving items where necessary and is recognized in the statement of profit or loss account.

4.8 Stock in trade

Stock in trade is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method except for those in transit where it represents invoice value and other charges paid thereon. Cost of work in process and finished goods include cost of raw and packing materials, direct labour and related production overheads. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost necessary to be incurred in order to make the sale. Provision is made for obsolete / slow moving stocks where necessary and recognized in the statement of profit or loss account.

4.9 Trade and other receivables

These are classified at amortized cost and are initially recognised when they are originated and measured at fair value of consideration receivable. Assets considered irrecoverable are written off. Actual credit loss over past years is used to base the calculation of provision for doubtful debts as per IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'.

4.10 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, with banks on current and savings accounts, deposit accounts with maturities of three months or less and short term finance.

4.11 Impairment

4.11.1 Financial assets

In addition to the impairment of financial assets under expected credit loss method under IFRS 9, a financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

The Company considers evidence of impairment for receivable and other financial assets at specific asset levels. Losses are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit or loss account. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, this reduction is reversed through the statement of profit or loss account.

4.11.2 Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized as an expense in the statement of profit or loss account for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized. Prior impairments of non-financial assets (other than goodwill) are reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

4.12 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services.

4.13 Borrowings and their cost

Borrowings are recorded initially at fair value, net of transaction cost incurred.

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs, if any, are capitalized as part of the cost of that qualifying asset.

4.14 Provisions

Provisions, if any, are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Restructuring cost provisions comprise staff redundancy payments, relocation and dismantling of factory, and are recognized in the period in which the Company becomes legally or constructively committed to incur.

4.15 Financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. The Company derecognizes a financial asset or a portion of financial asset when, and only when, the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset or a portion of financial assets. While a financial liability or part of financial liability is derecognized from the statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on the recognition or derecognition of the financial assets and liabilities is taken to statement of profit or loss account or other comprehensive income.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost; FVOCI or FVTPL and financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL.

4.16 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value. Any directly attributable transaction costs are recognized in the statement of profit or loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognized in the statement of profit or loss account.

4.17 Earnings per share

The Company presents earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

4.18 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Pakistan Rupees at the exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies at reporting date are translated into Pakistan Rupees at exchange rates ruling on that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the statement of profit or loss account.

4.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring promised goods to customer. Goods are transferred when the customer obtains their control (i.e. either upon shipment or delivery of goods to customers). Revenue is recognized at transaction price which is mutually agreed between the Company and counterparty.

4.19.1 Miscellaneous Income

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

Return on savings accounts and deposit accounts is recognized on time proportion basis, taking effect of the effective interest rate.

Service income is recognized on accrual basis at rate agreed with counter parties. Miscellaneous income is recognized on receipt basis.

4.20 Dividend and appropriations

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders and appropriations to / from reserves are recognized in the year in which these are approved.

4.21 Share based payment

The cost of awarding shares of associated companies to employees is reflected by recording a charge in the statement of profit or loss account equivalent to the fair value of shares over the vesting period, corresponding liability created is reflected in trade and other payables.

The liability is remeasured at each reporting date and at settlement date based on the fair value of the equity instruments granted. Any changes in the liability are recognized in the statement of profit or loss account.

4.22 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.23 Operating segment

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of single reporting segment consistent with the information reviewed by the chief operating decision maker of the Company.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed below.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed below:

5.1 Income taxes

In making the estimates for income taxes, the Company takes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. There may be various matters where the Company's view differs with the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its view on items of a material nature is in accordance with the law. The difference between the potential and actual tax charge, if any, is disclosed as a contingent liability.

5.2 Defined benefit plans

The Company has adopted certain actuarial assumptions as disclosed in note 19 to the financial statements for valuation of present value of defined benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets, based on actuarial advice.

5.3 Provisions

Provisions are considered, among others, for legal matters, disputed indirect taxes, employee termination cost and restructuring where a legal or constructive obligation exists at the reporting date and reliable estimate can be made of the likely outcome. The nature of these costs is such that judgment is involved in estimating the timing and amount of cash flows.

Significant assumptions are also involved while calculating the provisions which are adjustments to the carrying amount of the assets such as impairment of assets, provision for obsolescence of stock in trade / stores and spares and allowance for impairment of trade debts.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

5.4 Property, plant and equipment / intangible assets

The Company reviews the rate of depreciation / amortization, useful life, residual value and value of assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment / intangible assets with a corresponding effect on the depreciation / amortization charge and impairment.

5.5 Stock in trade, stores and spares

The Company continuously reviews its inventory for existence of any items which may have become obsolete. These estimates are based on historical experience and are continuously reviewed and the cost of such stocks is fully provided for.

5.6 Trade debts and other receivables

These financial assets are adjusted for loss allowances that are measured at amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss that result from all possible default events over expected life of the financial asset.

5.7 Leases

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset to the site on which it is located less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of fixed assets. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted to certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

5.8 Rebate accrual

Accrual for rebate is recognized as deduction from revenue based on terms of the arrangements with the customer and is included in trade and other payables.

| 6. | PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|----|-------------------------------|------|--------------|-----------|
| | | | (Rupees in t | thousand) |
| | Operating assets | 6.1 | 3,530,582 | 3,198,712 |
| | Capital work in progress | 6.3 | 201,546 | 455,748 |
| | | | 3,732,128 | 3,654,460 |

6.1 Operating assets

| | Freehold land | Building on freehold land | Leasehold improve- ments | Plant and machinery | Electrical, mechanical and office equipment | Furniture and fittings | Motor vehicles | Total |
|--|------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | + | | | — (Rupees in | thousand) — | | | |
| Net carrying value basis | | | | | | | | |
| Year ended December 31, 2020 | | | | | | | | |
| Opening Net Book Value (NBV) | 8,179 | 919,591 | - | 2,184,132 | 63,074 | 23,736 | - | 3,198,712 |
| Additions (at cost) | - | 175,822 | - | 381,681 | 48,055 | 10,106 | - | 615,664 |
| Disposals | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | - | - | - | 705 | - | 76 | - | 781 |
| Accumulated depreciation | - | - | - | (705) | - | (76) | - | (781) |
| Disposals (NBV) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Depreciation charge | - | (34,314) | - | (238,783) | (8,024) | (2,673) | - | (283,794) |
| Closing NBV | 8,179 | 1,061,099 | - | 2,327,030 | 103,105 | 31,169 | - | 3,530,582 |
| Gross carrying value basis | | | | | | | | |
| At December 31, 2020 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | 8,179 | 1,338,130 | 14,918 | 3,588,163 | 185,641 | 47,988 | 1,405 | 5,184,424 |
| Provision for impairment of fixed assets | - | (39,963) | - | (27,313) | (620) | (86) | - | (67,982) |
| Accumulated depreciation | - | (237,068) | (14,918) | (1,233,820) | (81,916) | (16,733) | (1,405) | (1,585,860) |
| Closing NBV | 8,179 | 1,061,099 | - | 2,327,030 | 103,105 | 31,169 | | 3,530,582 |
| Net carrying value basis | | | | | | | | |
| Year ended December 31, 2019 | | | | | | | | |
| Opening Net Book Value (NBV) | 8,179 | 480,826 | - | 1,181,139 | 54,358 | 3,663 | - | 1,728,165 |
| Additions (at cost) | - | 465,835 | - | 1,169,679 | 11,349 | 22,139 | - | 1,669,002 |
| Disposals | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | - | - | - | 53,067 | 1,625 | 210 | - | 54,902 |
| Accumulated depreciation | - | - | - | (36,088) | (1,600) | (210) | - | (37,898) |
| Reversal of provision for impairment of fixed assets | - | - | - | (16,979) | (25) | - | - | (17,004) |
| Disposals (NBV) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Depreciation charge | - | (24,678) | - | (183,972) | (2,255) | (2,131) | - | (213,036) |
| Net charge of provision for impairment of fixed assets | <u>-</u> | (2,392) | | 17,286 | (378) | 65 | | 14,581 |
| Closing NBV | 8,179 | 919,591 | | 2,184,132 | 63,074 | 23,736 | | 3,198,712 |
| Gross carrying value basis | | | | | | | | |
| At December 31, 2019 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | 8,179 | 1,162,308 | 14,918 | 3,207,187 | 137,586 | 37,958 | 1,405 | 4,569,541 |
| Provision for impairment of fixed assets | - | (39,963) | - | (27,313) | (620) | (86) | - | (67,982) |
| Accumulated depreciation | | (202,754) | (14,918) | (995,742) | (73,892) | (14,136) | (1,405) | (1,302,847) |
| Closing NBV | 8,179 | 919,591 | - | 2,184,132 | 63,074 | 23,736 | | 3,198,712 |
| Depreciation rate % per annum | - | 2.5 | 25 | 7 to 10 | 10 to 25 | 20 | 20 | |

| 6.2 | The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: | Note | 2020 (Rupees i | 2019 n thousαnd) |
|-----|---|------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | |
| | Cost of sales | 27 | 275,280 | 207,497 |
| | Distribution costs | 28 | 5,676 | 4,474 |
| | Administrative expenses | 29 | 2,838 | 1,065 |
| | | : | 283,794 | 213,036 |
| 6.3 | Capital work in progress – at cost | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | | (Rupees i | n thousand) |
| | Plant and machinery | | 188,061 | 336,252 |
| | Civil works | | 3,527 | 111,374 |
| | Advances to suppliers | | 9,958 | 8,122 |
| | | | 201,546 | 455,748 |

6.4 Particulars of immovable asset of the Company are as follows:

| Location | Address | Usage of immovable | Covered |
|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | | property | area (sq. ft) |
| Foods Factory | 52-Km, Multan Road Lahore, | Manufacturing Plant | 717300 sq. feet |
| | Parna Plant Near Bhai Pheru | | |

7. LEASES

| 7.1 | Right of use of asset | Note | Building | Plant and Machinery | Motor vehicles | Total |
|-----|-------------------------|------|----------|------------------------|----------------|----------|
| | | | + | (Rupees in | Thousand) —— | |
| | As at January 1, 2019 | | 17,228 | 12,452 | 5,173 | 34,853 |
| | Addition | | - | 10,789 | - | 10,789 |
| | Depreciation expense | | (7,951) | (13,924) | (5,173) | (27,048) |
| | As at December 31, 2019 | | 9,277 | 9,317 | - | 18,594 |
| | Addition | | - | 17,590 | - | 17,590 |
| | Depreciation expense | 7.2 | (7,951) | (15,662) | - | (23,613) |
| | As at December 31, 2020 | | 1,326 | 11,245 | - | 12,571 |

| 7.2 | The depreciation charge for the year pertaining to right of use assets is as follows: | Note | 2020 (Rupees i | 2019 n thousand) |
|-----|---|------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | Cost of sales | 27 | 15,662 | 19,097 |
| | Distribution costs | 28 | 7,951 | 7,951 |
| | | | 23,613 | 27,048 |

7.3 **Lease Liabilities**

Set out below the carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year:

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|-----------------------|-----------------|----------|
| | (Rupees in thou | |
| As at January 1 | 30,392 | 55,106 |
| Additions | 17,590 | 10,789 |
| Accretion of interest | 1,374 | 4,429 |
| Payments | (37,450) | (39,932) |
| As at December 31 | 11,906 | 30,392 |
| Current | 11,519 | 30,392 |
| Non - Current | 387 | - |
| | 11,906 | 30,392 |

Company has used incremental borrowing rate as its discount rate.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

| Gross carrying value basis | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| | (Rupees | in thousand) |
| Cost | | |
| - Goodwill | 94,578 | 94,578 |
| - Agreement in restraint of trade | 139,661 | 139,661 |
| - Trademark | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| | 254,239 | 254,239 |
| Accumulated amortization and impairment | (172,602) | (172,602) |
| Net book value | 81,637 | 81,637 |
| | | |

The above represents amount paid for the acquisition of Glaxose-D in 1999 to Glaxo Wellcome Pakistan Limited (now GlaxoSmithKline Pakistan Limited).

The management has assessed the useful life of the intangible as indefinite, since it is expected that the underlying brand, Glaxose-D, will operate in the market for an indefinite period of time.

For impairment testing, the estimated recoverable amount has been determined using the discounted cash flows for a period of five years. Key assumptions used in estimation of recoverable amount includes profit forecasts (based on both internal and external market information and past performance) and discount rate.

The discount rate used is 11.06% (2019: 13.25%), a pre-tax measure based on government bonds rate. The valuation exceeds the carrying amount sufficiently such that a reasonably possible change to key assumptions is unlikely to result in an impairment of Glaxose-D.

| Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|------|------------|------------------------------------|
| | (Rupees in | thousand) |
| 9.1 | 6,147 | 9,276 |
| 13 | (2,776) | (4,119) |
| | 3,371 | 5,157 |
| | 9.1 | 9.1 6,147 13 (2,776) |

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|-----|---|---------------------|----------|
| 9.1 | Reconciliation of carrying amount of loans to executives: | (Rupees in thousand | |
| | - Opening balances | 9,276 | 17,309 |
| | - Disbursements | - | 3,817 |
| | - Repayments | (3,129) | (11,850) |
| | | 6,147 | 9,276 |

- **9.2** Loans to employees have been provided to facilitate purchase of houses and vehicle in accordance with the Company's policy which are repayable over a period of five years and are interest free.
- **9.3** The maximum aggregate amount of loans due from executives at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 8.94 million (2019: Rs. 16.75 million).

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|-----|---|--------------------|---------------------|
| 10. | STORES AND SPARES | (Rupees in | thousand) |
| | Stores | 19,490 | 19,603 |
| | Spares (including in transit Rs. 1.75 million (2019: Rs. 1.89 million)) | 150,405 | 125,362 |
| | | 169,895 | 144,965 |
| | Provision for obsolescence | (5,593) | (4,445) |
| | | 164,302 | 140,520 |
| 11. | STOCK IN TRADE | 2020 (Rupees ir | 2019 n thousand) |
| | Raw and packing materials (including in transit | | |
| | Rs. 62.3 million; 2019: Rs. 118.46 million) | 620,203 | 611,435 |
| | Provision for obsolescence | (27,146) | (55,528) |
| | | 593,057 | 555,907 |
| | Work in process | 31,071 | 25,022 |
| | Finished goods | 417,767 | 362,286 |
| | Provision for obsolescence | (42,771) | (40,864) |
| | Trovision for observed | 374,996 | |
| | | 3/4,770 | 321,422 |
| | | 999,124 | 902,351 |
| | | | |

- 11.1 Stock in trade includes Rs. 416.15 million (2019: Rs. 368.47 million) held with third parties.
- **11.2** The Company made a provision of Rs. 45.6 million (2019: Rs. 65.92 million) for obsolescence and has written off inventory of Rs. 72.1 million (2019: Rs. 69.44 million) by utilizing the provision during the year.

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|-----|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| | | (Rupees in | thousand) |
| 12. | TRADE DEBTS | | |
| | Trade debts | 514,264 | 915,024 |
| | Less: Allowance for impairment | (59,050) | (46,742) |
| | | 455,214 | 868,282 |
| | | | 000,2 |

- **12.1** The Company has charged a provision of Rs. 35.12 million (2019: Rs. 20.06 million) and has written off debtors of Rs. 22.81 million (2019: Rs. 0.98 million) during the year .
- **12.2** As of December 31, 2020, trade debts of Rs. 3.6 million (2019: Rs. 26.51 million) were past due but not materially impaired. These relate to independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default.

13. LOANS AND ADVANCES - considered good

| | Current portion of loans to executives | | 2,776 | 4,119 |
|-----|--|------|------------|-----------|
| | Advances to: | | | |
| | - executives | | - | 864 |
| | - other employees | | - | 214 |
| | - suppliers and others | | 66,480 | 8,657 |
| | | | 66,480 | 9,735 |
| | | | 69,256 | 13,854 |
| | | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
| 14. | TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM | | (Rupees in | thousand) |
| | PREPAYMENTS | | | |
| | Trade deposits | 14.1 | 48,736 | 394 |
| | Prepayments | 14.2 | 28,659 | 14,014 |
| | | | 77,395 | 14,408 |

- **14.1** Trade deposits with respect to payments made to custom authorities.
- **14.2** Primarily consists of media bulk discount on airing TV commercials.

| | | Note | 2020 (Rupees in | 2019 thousand) |
|-----|------------------------------------|------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 15. | OTHER RECEIVABLES | | | |
| | Workers' Profit Participation Fund | 15.1 | 4,177 | 251 |
| | Others | 15.2 | 53,329 | 31,799 |
| | | _ | 57,506 | 32,050 |

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|------|------------------------------------|------------|-----------|
| 15.1 | Workers' Profit Participation Fund | (Rupees in | thousand) |
| | Balance as at January 1 | 251 | 44,766 |
| | Allocation for the year | (191,871) | (128,559) |
| | | (191,620) | (83,793) |
| | Paid to the fund | 196,048 | 128,810 |
| | Refunded by the fund | (251) | (44,766) |
| | Balance as at December 31 | 4,177 | 251 |

15.2 This includes an amount of Rs. 27.51 million pertaining to associated undertakings out of which Rs.26.13 fall under the age bracket of more than six months but not later than one year and the remaining assets falling under the age bracket of greater than 2 years is Rs 1.38 million. The maximum amount due from associated undertakings during the year was Rs. 5.041 million.

| 16. CASH AND BANK BALANCES | Note | 2020 (Rupees in | 2019 n thousand) |
|----------------------------|------|--------------------|---------------------|
| With banks on: | | | |
| - savings accounts | 16.1 | 661,375 | 324,184 |
| - current accounts | 16.2 | 268,342 | 400,219 |
| | | 929,717 | 724,403 |
| Cash in hand | | 178 | 153 |
| | | 929,895 | 724,556 |

- **16.1** Mark-up on savings accounts was at rates ranging from 6.21% to 12.86% per annum (2019: 8.00% to 12.80% per annum).
- **16.2** This includes an amount of Rs. 114.66 million (2019 Rs. 157.59 million) in respect of cash margin on imports kept with commercial banks.

17. SHARE CAPITAL

| ML . | | |
|--|--|--|
| Authorised share capital | | 2019 thousand) |
| | | |
| Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| ribed and paid up capital | | |
| | | |
| Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each allotted: | | |
| for consideration paid in cash | 14,516 | 14,516 |
| for consideration other than cash | 242 | 242 |
| as bonus shares | 48,941 | 48,941 |
| | 63,699 | 63,699 |
| | Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each ribed and paid up capital Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each allotted: for consideration paid in cash for consideration other than cash | Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each Cordinary shares of Rs. 10 each Cordinary shares of Rs. 10 each allotted: for consideration paid in cash for consideration other than cash as bonus shares 200,000 200,000 214,516 242 48,941 |

17.1 As at December 31, 2020, Conopco Inc. USA, subsidiary of Unilever P.L.C., held 4.88 million (2019: 4.88 million) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each.

| 18. | RESERVES | Note | | |
|-----|-------------------------|------|-----------|--------------|
| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | Capital reserves | | (Rupees | in thousand) |
| | - Share premium | 18.1 | 1,296,499 | 1,296,499 |
| | - Special | | 628 | 628 |
| | | | 1,297,127 | 1,297,127 |
| | Revenue reserves | | | |
| | - General | | 138 | 138 |
| | - Unappropriated profit | | 1,386,730 | 943,233 |
| | | | 1,386,868 | 943,371 |
| | | | | |
| | | | 2,683,995 | 2,240,498 |
| | | | | |

18.1 This reserve can be utilized by the Company only for the purpose specified in section 81 of the Companies Act, 2017.

19. STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS

19.1 As stated in note 4.6, the Company operates a retirement benefit plan (The Plan) namely approved funded defined benefit gratuity scheme for all non-management employees subject to minimum service of prescribed period in the respective trust deed. Actuarial valuation of the plan is carried out every year and the latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at December 31, 2020.

- 19.2 Plan assets held in trust are governed by local regulations which mainly includes Trust Act, 1882, Companies Act, 2017, Income Tax Rules, 2002, Employees Contributory Funds (Investment in Listed Securities) Regulations, 2018 and Rules under the Trust deed of the Plan. Responsibility for governance of the Plan, including investment decisions and contribution schedules, lies with the Board of Trustees. The Company appoints the trustees and all trustees are employees of the Company.
- 19.3 The latest actuarial valuation of the Fund as at December 31, 2020 was carried out using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method'. Details of the Fund as per the actuarial valuation are as follows:

| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
|------|---|------|------------|--------------|
| | | | Funded | |
| | | Note | Grat | uity |
| | | | (Rupees in | thousand) |
| 19.4 | Reconciliation | | | |
| | Present value of defined benefit obligation at December 31 | 19.5 | (55,710) | (51,686) |
| | Fair value of plan assets at December 31 | 19.6 | 29,983 | 27,545 |
| | Deficit | | (25,727) | (24,141) |
| 19.5 | Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligation | on | | |
| | Balances as at January 1 | | 51,685 | 40,098 |
| | Benefits paid by the plan | | (1,563) | (1,385) |
| | Current service costs | | 5,142 | 4,262 |
| | Interest cost | | 6,109 | 5,221 |
| | Remeasurement on obligation | | (5,663) | 3,489 |
| | Balance as at December 31 | | 55,710 | 51,685 |
| 19.6 | Movement in the fair value of plan assets | | | |
| | Fair value of plan assets at January 1 | | 27,545 | 26,098 |
| | Benefits paid by the plan | | (1,563) | (1,385) |
| | Interest income | | 3,212 | 3,477 |
| | Remeasurement on plan assets | | 789 | (645) |
| | Fair value of plan assets at December 31 | | 29,983 | 27,545 |
| 19.7 | Expense recognised in statement of profit or loss | | | |
| | Current service cost | | 5,142 | 4,262 |
| | Net interest cost | | 2,897 | 1,744 |
| | Expense recognised in statement of profit or loss account | | 8,039 | 6,006 |
| 40.0 | | | | |
| 19.8 | Remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Inco | me | (5,663) | 3.489 |
| | Experience loss / (gain) | | (789) | 3,489 645 |
| | Remeasurement of fair value of plan assets | | (6,452) | 4,134 |
| | Remeasurements | | (0,432) | 4,134 |

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|-------|---|--------------|-----------|
| | | Fund | led |
| | | Grati | uity |
| | | (Rupees in t | thousand) |
| 19.9 | Net recognised liability | | |
| | Net liability at January 1 | 24,140 | 14,000 |
| | Charge for the year | 8,039 | 6,006 |
| | Contribution made during the year to the Fund | - | - |
| | Remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income | (6,452) | 4,134 |
| | Recognised liability / (asset) as at December 31 | 25,727 | 24,140 |
| 19.10 | Plan assets comprise of following: | | |
| | Government Bonds | 13,304 | 9,809 |
| | National Savings | 12,673 | 11,914 |
| | Shares | 7,323 | 7,556 |
| | Cash at bank | 752 | 773 |
| | Due to the Company | (4,069) | (2,507) |
| | Total as at December 31 | 29,983 | 27,545 |
| 19.11 | Actuarial assumptions | | |
| | Discount rate at December 31 | 10.00% | 12.00% |
| | Future salary increases | 8.00% | 10.00% |

19.12 Mortality was assumed to be 70% of the EFU(61-66) Table.

In case of the funded plan, the Company ensures that the investment positions are managed within an asset-liability matching (ALM) framework that has been developed to achieve long-term investments that are in line with the obligations under the Retirement benefit plan. Within this framework, the Company's ALM objective is to match assets to the retirement benefit obligations by investing in long-term fixed interest securities with maturities that match the benefit payments as they fall due and in the appropriate currency. The Company actively monitors how the duration and the expected yield of the investments are matching the expected cash outflows arising from the Retirement benefit plan obligations. The Company has not changed the processes used to manage its risks from previous periods. The Company does not use derivatives to manage its risk. Investments are well diversified, such that the failure of any single investment would not have a material impact on the overall level of assets. A large portion of assets in 2020 consists of Government bonds, National Savings and shares. The Company believes that national saving and shares offer the best returns over the long term with an acceptable level of risk.

19.14 The expected return on plan assets was determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields as at the reporting date.

The Company's contribution to the gratuity fund in 2021 is expected to amount to Rs. 11.4 million.

The actuary conducts separate valuations for calculating contribution rates and the Company contributes to the gratuity funds according to the actuary's advice. Expense of the defined benefit plan is calculated by the actuary.

Figures in this note are based on the latest actuarial valuation carried out as at December 31, 2020.

19.15 Sensitivity analysis for actuarial assumptions

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

| | Impact on defined benefit obligation | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Change in assumption | Increase in assumption | Decrease in assumption | |
| | (Percentage) | (Rupees in thousand) | | |
| Discount rate at December 31 | 1.00 % | (6,353) | 7,519 | |
| Future salary increases | 1.00 % | 7,594 | (6,516) | |
| Future pension increases | | - | - | |

There is no significant change in the obligation if life expectancy increases by 1 year.

The sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the pension liability recognized within the statement of financial position.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period.

- 19.16 The expected return on plan assets is based on the market expectations and depends upon the asset portfolio of the Fund, at the beginning of the period, for returns over the entire life of related obligation.
- **19.17** The Company's contributions towards the Rafhan Best Foods Limited Employees Gratuity Fund for the year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to Rs. Nil (2019: Nil).
- **19.18** The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 13.9 years.

Expected maturity analysis of undiscounted retirement benefit plans.

| | Less than a year | Between 1-2 years | Between 2-5 years | Over 5 years | Total |
|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------|
| At December 31, 2020 | • | (Rup | ees in thousan | d) ——— | - |
| Retirement benefit plans | 640 | 632 | 11,356 | 28,680 | 41,308 |

19.19 The Company also operates a couple of defined contribution plans which receives fixed contributions. The expense recognized in the current year in relation to these contributions was Rs. 15.88 million (2019: Rs. 21.52 million).

20. LONG TERM BORROWING

During the year the Company entered into long term borrowing arrangement with a commercial bank for installation of solar panels under State Bank of Pakistan's Refinancing Scheme for Renewable Energy. The total facility is available for twelve years ending in 2032 and amounted to Rs. 149 million out of which Rs. 23.66 million were utilized as at year end. The loan carries mark-up at the rate of 3.65% per annum.

| 21. | DEFERRED TAXATION | Note | 2020 (Rupees in | 2019 thousand) |
|-----|--|------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Credit balance arising in respect of: | | | |
| | - accelerated tax depreciation allowance | | 377,609 | 328,572 |
| | - amortization of right-of-use of asset | | 3,567 | 5,242 |
| | - amortization of intangible assets | | 23,170 | 22,742 |
| | | | 404,346 | 356,556 |
| | Debit balance arising in respect of: | | | |
| | - provision for stock in trade | | (21,430) | (28,290) |
| | - allowance for impairment of trade debts | | (17,124) | (13,390) |
| | - provision for restructuring | | (519) | (2,785) |
| | - provision for staff retirement benefits | | - | (6,067) |
| | - amortization of lease liability | | (3,378) | (8,568) |
| | - other provisions | | (845) | (16,917) |
| | | | (43,296) | (76,017) |
| | | | 361,050 | 280,539 |
| 22. | TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES | | | |
| | Creditors | | 932,470 | 811,244 |
| | Bills payable | 22.1 | 587,124 | 568,105 |
| | Forward foreign exchange contract | | 341 | 16,868 |
| | Accrued liabilities | | 1,634,325 | 1,375,487 |
| | Royalty and technology fee | | 735,608 | 1,214,062 |
| | Contract liabilities | 22.5 | 102,650 | 63,399 |
| | Withholding tax | | 9,117 | 91,094 |
| | Workers' Welfare Fund | 22.2 | 97,538 | 67,860 |
| | Payable to Employee Retirement Benefit funds | | 4,493 | 4,512 |
| | Liability for share-based compensation | 22.3 | 7,120 | 11,169 |
| | Others | | 1,563 | 1,924 |
| | | | 4,112,349 | 4,225,724 |

22.1 Bills payable represents inland letters of credit under vendor financing arrangements which includes interest cost as per the Company's negotiated rates.

| | | 2020 (Rupees in | 2019 thousand) |
|------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 22.2 | Workers' Welfare Fund | | |
| | Balance as at January 1 | 67,860 | 72,894 |
| | Charge for the year | 79,185 | 49,508 |
| | | 147,045 | 122,402 |
| | Payment during the year | (49,507) | (54,542) |
| | Balance as at December 31 | 97,538 | 67,860 |

22.3 Share based compensation plans

As at December 31, 2020 Company had share-based compensation plans in the form of performance shares.

Performance share awards are made under the Management Co-Investment Plan (MCIP). The MCIP allows Company's eligible managers to invest up to 100% of their annual bonus in shares in Unilever NV and Unilever PLC and to receive a corresponding award of performance-related shares. The awards of the plans will vest after four years depending on the satisfaction of performance conditions.

The performance conditions of MCIP are underlying sales growth, operating cash flow and underlying operating margin improvement.

In addition to above, 'buy 3 get 1 free share' plan gives eligible employees an opportunity to invest in Unilever PLC shares. After a holding period of 3 years, the company will award 1 free share, for every 3 shares bought.

A summary of the status of the Share Plans as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 and changes during the years ended on these dates is presented below:

| | 2020 | 2019 | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------|--|
| | (Numbers of shares) | | |
| Outstanding at January 1 | 472 | 252 | |
| Awarded | 277 | 479 | |
| Vested | (137) | (172) | |
| Forfeited | | (87) | |
| Outstanding at December 31 | <u>612</u> | 472 | |
| Share price | | | |
| Unilever PLC Netherlands | € 49.76 | € 51.23 | |
| Unilever PLC United Kingdom | £ 43.92 | £ 43.50 | |

The Company has treated these share-based plans as cash settled in view of obligation of the Company.

| | 22.4 | Amounts due to related | parties included in trade and other payables are as follow | /S: |
|--|------|------------------------|--|-----|
|--|------|------------------------|--|-----|

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|-----------------------|-----------|--------------|
| | (Rupees i | in thousand) |
| Holding company | 10,891 | 26,202 |
| Other related parties | 1,043,631 | 1,163,888 |

22.5 Contract liabilities amounting to Rs 56.39 million as of the beginning of the year has been recognized as revenue for the year ended 31 December 2020.

| 23. | PROVISIONS | Note | 2020 (Rupees in | 2019 thousand) |
|------|--------------------------------------|------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Sindh Infrastructure Cess | 23.1 | 62,520 | 51,428 |
| | Restructuring | 23.2 | 1,829 | 15,823 |
| | Stamp Duty | 23.3 | 43,391 | 37,803 |
| | | | 107,740 | 105,054 |
| 23.1 | Sindh Infrastructure Cess | | | |
| | Balance as at January 1 | | 51,428 | 40,684 |
| | Charge for the year | | 11,092 | 10,744 |
| | Balance as at December 31 | | 62,520 | 51,428 |
| 23.2 | Restructuring | | | |
| | Balance as at January 1 | | 15,823 | 12,852 |
| | Provision during the year | | 1,829 | 42,884 |
| | Payments / reversals during the year | | (15,823) | (39,913) |

23.2.1 This represents reversals amounting to Rs. 12.8 million and payment of Rs. 3 million.

Balance as at December 31

| 23.3 | Stamp Duty | 2020 | 2019 | |
|------|---------------------------|------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | (Rupees in | s in thousand) 33,278 | tupees in thousand) |
| | Balance as at January 1 | 37,803 | 33,278 | |
| | Charge for the year | 5,588 | 4,525 | |
| | Balance as at December 31 | 43,391 | 37,803 | |

1,829

15,823

24. SHORT TERM BORROWINGS

Running finance under mark-up arrangements

The facilities for running finance available from various banks amount to Rs. 3.636 billion (2019: Rs. 3.575 billion). The rates of mark-up range between 1-month KIBOR - 0.3% to 3-month KIBOR + 0.5% per annum (2019: 1-month KIBOR - 0.3% to 3-month KIBOR + 0.5% per annum).

The arrangements are secured by way of hypothecation over the Company's current assets amounting to Rs. 5.061 billion (2019: Rs. 4.946 billion).

The facilities for opening letters of credit and guarantees as at December 31, 2020 amounted to Rs. 5.925 billion (2019: Rs. 5.375 billion) of which the amount that remained unutilized at year end was Rs. 4.485 billion (2019: Rs. 3.948 billion).

25. CONTINGENCY AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies as at December 31, 2020.

25.1 Commitments

Aggregate commitments outstanding for capital expenditure as at December 31, 2020 amounted to Rs. 295.51 million (2019: Rs. 653.1 million).

| 26. | SALES | 2020 (Rupees in thou | |
|------|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| | Gross sales | 21,357,698 | 18,374,511 |
| | Sales tax | (2,895,069) | (2,452,779) |
| | | 18,462,629 | 15,921,732 |
| | Returns, rebates and allowances | (2,889,882) | (2,630,308) |
| | | 15,572,747 | 13,291,424 |
| 26.1 | The Company analyses its net revenue by the following product groups: | | |
| | Products used by entities | 1,681,653 | 2,194,254 |
| | Products used by end consumers | 13,891,094 | 11,097,170 |
| | | 15,572,747 | 13,291,424 |

26.2 Revenue from one customer approximates 14.31% (2019: 13.23%) of the total revenue of the Company.

27.

| | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|------|----------------------|-----------|
| COST OF SALES | | (Rupees in thousand) | |
| Raw and packing materials consumed | | 7,126,455 | 6,266,087 |
| Manufacturing charges paid to third party | 27.2 | 85,456 | 58,898 |
| Stores and spares consumed | | 69,252 | 47,204 |
| Staff costs | 27.2 | 671,920 | 557,376 |
| Utilities | 27.2 | 197,958 | 192,625 |
| Depreciation | | 275,280 | 207,497 |
| (Reversal against) / provision for impairment of fixed assets | | 2,086 | (14,581) |
| Repairs and maintenance | | 10,927 | 46,652 |
| Rent, rates and taxes | | 446 | 1,764 |
| Travelling and entertainment | | 5,128 | 7,253 |
| Insurance | | 12,173 | 12,993 |
| Stationery and office expenses | | 9,553 | 14,204 |
| Other expenses | | 52,098 | 10,071 |
| Technology charges | | 48,410 | 36,744 |
| Charges by related party | 27.1 | 129,828 | 116,387 |
| | | 8,696,970 | 7,561,174 |
| Opening work in process | | 25,022 | 25,021 |
| Closing work in process | | (31,071) | (25,022) |
| Cost of goods manufactured | | 8,690,921 | 7,561,173 |
| Opening stock of finished goods | | 321,422 | 371,747 |
| Purchase of finished goods | | 256,831 | 177,503 |
| Closing stock of finished goods | | (374,996) | (321,422) |
| | | 8,894,178 | 7,789,001 |

- **27.1** This represents amount charged to the Company for certain management and other services received from its associated undertaking Unilever Pakistan Limited.
- **27.2** This includes amount of depreciation for rights-of-use assets.

| | | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|-----|--|------|----------------------|-----------|
| 28. | DISTRIBUTION COST | | (Rupees in thousand) | |
| | - 4 | | | |
| | Staff costs | | 106,274 | 161,047 |
| | Advertisement and sales promotion | | 794,460 | 873,163 |
| | Outward freight and handling | | 388,366 | 306,359 |
| | Royalty, technology fee and related duties | 28.1 | 574,341 | 573,626 |
| | Travelling and entertainment | | 11,851 | 21,731 |
| | Rent, rates and taxes | 28.3 | 7,951 | 7,951 |
| | Depreciation | | 5,676 | 4,474 |
| | Repairs and maintenance | | 1,376 | 2,189 |
| | Stationery and office expenses | | 1,080 | 958 |
| | Technology charges | | 48,190 | 36,810 |
| | Other expenses | | 24,587 | 37,862 |
| | Charges by related party | 28.2 | 310,029 | 268,052 |
| | | | 2,274,181 | 2,294,222 |

- 28.1 This includes amount payable to Conopco Inc. (Holding Company) and Unilever Plc (Associated Company).
- **28.2** This represents amount charged to the Company for certain management and other services received from its associated undertaking Unilever Pakistan Limited.
- **28.3** This includes amount of depreciation for rights-of-use assets.

| 29. | ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES | Note | 2020 (Rupees in | 2019 thousand) |
|------|---|------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Depreciation | | 2,838 | 1,065 |
| | Travelling and entertainment | | 350 | 1,376 |
| | Auditors' remuneration | 29.1 | 2,120 | 2,210 |
| | Allowance for impairment of trade debts | | 35,120 | 20,057 |
| | Legal and professional charges | | 11,441 | 13,278 |
| | Other expenses | | 9,007 | 14,098 |
| | Technology charges | | 25,432 | 19,445 |
| | Charges by related party | 29.2 | 364,120 | 320,067 |
| | | | 450,428 | 391,596 |
| 29.1 | Auditors' remuneration | | | |
| | Annual audit fee | | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| | Half yearly review | | 300 | 300 |
| | Certifications | | 635 | 765 |
| | Out of pocket expenses | | 185 | 145 |
| | | | 2,120 | 2,210 |

29.2 This represents amount charged to the Company for certain management and other services received from its associated undertaking - Unilever Pakistan Limited.

| | | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|-----|-------------------------------------|------|----------------------|---------|
| 30. | OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES | | (Rupees in thousand) | |
| | Workers' Profits Participation Fund | 15.1 | 191,871 | 128,559 |
| | Workers' Welfare Fund | 22.2 | 79,185 | 49,508 |
| | Donations | 30.1 | 14,850 | - |
| | | | 285,906 | 178,067 |

| 30.1 | Donations to following organisations and trusts exceeds Rs. 1,000,000: | | 2020 (Rupees in | 2020 2019 (Rupees in thousand) | |
|------|--|------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | Akhuwat Corona Imdad Fund | | 4,835,704 | - | |
| | PM Fund | | 4,131,366 | _ | |
| | Shaukat Khanum Memorial Trust | | 1,697,796 | - | |
| | The Indus Hospital | | 1,445,978 | - | |
| | | | 12,110,844 | - | |
| 31. | OTHER INCOME | | | | |
| | Income from financial assets | | | | |
| | Return on savings accounts | | 99,015 | 3,762 | |
| | Income from non-financial assets | | | | |
| | Scrap sales | | 71,108 | 45,910 | |
| | Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | | - | (16,194) | |
| | Reversal of provision for impairment of fixed assets | | - | 17,004 | |
| | Others | | 71,108 | 46,720 | |
| | Service fee | 31.1 | 58,220 | 79,944 | |
| | Exchange gain - net | | (18,967) | 117,010 | |
| | Others | 31.2 | 200,078 | 56,903 | |
| | | | 409,454 | 304,339 | |
| | | | | | |

- 31.1 This includes amount charged by the Company for certain management and other services rendered to its associated undertaking Unilever Pakistan Limited, in accordance with the Cost Sharing Service Agreement between the two companies.
- 31.2 Others includes a liability written back in lieu of technology fee due to Unilever PLC for prior years as the State bank of Pakistan's approval was granted at 2% instead of 3% as per the previous agreements that were in place.

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|-----|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------|
| | | (Rupees in thousand) | |
| 32. | FINANCE COSTS | | |
| | Mark-up on short term borrowing | 8,980 | 118,130 |
| | Mark-up on Leases | 1,374 | 4,429 |
| | Bank charges | 12,196 | 12,517 |
| | • | 22,550 | 135,076 |
| 33. | TAXATION - charge | | |
| | Current year: | | |
| | - Current tax | 148,671 | 208,839 |
| | - Deferred tax | 78,725 | 146,023 |
| | - Prior year tax | (9,850) | - |
| | | 217,546 | 354,862 |
| | | | |

| 33.1 | Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit: | 2020 (Rupees in ti | 2019 nousand) |
|------|---|-----------------------|------------------|
| | Accounting profit before tax | 4,054,958 | 2,807,800 |
| | Tax at the applicable tax rate of 29% (2019: 29%) | 1,176,264 | 814,262 |
| | Tax effect of credits | (948,183) | (475,989) |
| | Tax effect of final tax | (23,204) | (12,128) |
| | Tax effect of change in tax rate | | 26,797 |
| | Write down of deferred tax asset | 19,113 | - |
| | Tax effect of prior years | (9,850) | - |
| | Others | 3,406 | 1,920 |
| | Tax expense for the year | 217,546 | 354,862 |
| | | 2020 (Rupees in ti | 2019 nousand) |
| 34. | BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE | | |
| | Profit after taxation attributable to ordinary shareholders | 3,837,412 | 2,452,938 |
| | Weighted average number of shares in issue | (Number in t | housand) |
| | during the year | 6,370 | 6,370 |
| | | (Rupe | es) |
| | Basic earnings per share | 602.42 | 385.08 |

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company.

35. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The related parties comprise of the holding company, its group companies, directors and their close family members, associated undertakings, key management personnel and retirement benefit funds.

The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Details of transactions with related parties, other than those which have been specifically disclosed elsewhere are as follows:

| 35.1 | | ationship with e Company | Nature of transactions | 2020 (Rupees in | 2019 thousand) |
|------|------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| | i) | Holding company | Royalty | 2,799 | 2,675 |
| | ii) | Associated companies | Royalty and technology fee Purchase of goods & Property, Plant & | 375,652 | 571,452 |
| | | | Equipment | 1,749,734 | 1,824,649 |
| | | | Sale of goods | 79,932 | 33,909 |
| | | | Fee for receiving of services from | | |
| | | | related parties | 949,059 | 837,717 |
| | | | Fee for providing of services to | | |
| | | | related parties | 59,418 | 79,944 |
| | iii) | Staff retirement funds | Contribution (from)/ to: | | |
| | | | - Defined contribution plans | 15,883 | 21,515 |
| | | | Settlement on behalf of: | | |
| | | | - Defined contribution plans | 5,948 | (7,170) |
| | iv) | Key management | Salaries and other short-term | | |
| | | personnel | employee benefits | 16,824 | 18,115 |

35.2 The following are the related parties with whom the Company had entered into transaction or have arrangement / agreement in place

| Name of the Related Party | Basis of association | Aggregate % of Shareholding |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited | Associated Company due to common directorship | 4.26% |
| Unilever Pakistan Limited | Associated Company due to common directorship | N/A |

35.3 Details of related parties, including those incorporated outside Pakistan, with whom the Company had entered into transactions or have arrangement / agreement in place are as below:

| Name and country of Incorporation | Registered Address | Basis of Association | Aggregate % of shareholding |
|---|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Unilever Asia Private Limited (Singapore) | 20 Pasir Panjang Rd, #06-22 Mapletree Business City, Singapore 117439 | Associated Company | N/A |
| Unilever Bangladesh Limited (Bangladesh) | 105-109, Tongi Industrial Area, Gazipur | Associated Company | N/A |
| Unilever Lipton Ceylon Limited (Sri Lanka) | 258 M. Vincent Perera Mawatha, Colombo 01400, Sri Lanka | Associated Company | N/A |
| Unilever Europe BV | Weena 455, 3013 Rotterdam Netherlands | Associated Company | N/A |
| Conopco Inc. | 800 Sylvan Avenue Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632, United States | Holding Company | 76.55% |
| Unilever Plc | Unilever House, 100 Victoria Embankment, London | Associated Company | N/A |
| Unilever Malaysia Holdings Sdn BHD | Level 33-35, Menara Telekom, Jalan Pantai Baru, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia | Associated Company | N/A |
| Unilever PLC | PO BOX 544, 2400 AM Alphen aan den Rijn, The Netherlands | Associated Company | N/A |

Transactions with related parties are carried out on commercial terms.

Royalty and technology fee are paid in accordance with the agreements duly acknowledged by the State Bank of Pakistan. The purchase and sale of goods and services from related parties are made on agreed terms and conditions. However, in the current year technology fee agreements are in the process of approval by the State Bank of Pakistan.

Dividend paid to the Holding Company amounts to PKR 2.632 billion (2019: Rs. 1.556 billion).

The Company has entered into agreement with its associate, Unilever Pakistan Limited to share various administrative and other resources. Service fee from the associate has been disclosed in note 31.

The related party outstanding balances as at December 31, 2020 are included in other receivables and trade and other payables respectively. These are settled in ordinary course of business.

36. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amounts charged in the financial statements of the year for remuneration including all benefits to directors, chief executive and executives of the Company are as follows:

| | | Executive Directors | | Chief Exe | cutive | Execut | ives |
|--------------------------|------|----------------------------|-------|------------------|-----------|--------|-------------|
| 1 | Note | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | + | | (Rupees in | thousand) | | |
| Managerial remuneration | | | | | | | |
| and allowances | | 6,442 | 5,563 | 5,007 | 6,305 | 66,328 | 95,234 |
| Retirement benefits | 36.1 | 805 | - | - | - | 9,205 | 13,164 |
| Other long term benefits | | - | - | - | - | 1,511 | 1,292 |
| Medical expenses | | 35 | - | 3 | - | 2,038 | 1,662 |
| Other expenses | | 37 | - | 30 | - | 950 | 3,925 |
| Share based compensation | | - | - | - | - | 2,121 | 2,839 |
| | | 7,319 | 5,563 | 5,040 | 6,305 | 82,153 | 118,116 |
| Number of persons | | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 23 | 37 |

In addition to this, a lump sum amount of Rs. 17.38 million (2019: Rs. 23.93 million) on account of variable pay has been accounted for in financial statements for the current year payable in 2021 after verification of target achievement.

Out of the variable pay recognized for 2019 and 2018 following payments were made:

| | Paid in 2020 relating to 2019 | Paid in 2019 relating to 2018 |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | (Rupees in | thousand) |
| Executive Directors | 1,376 | 2,658 |
| Chief Executive | 3,089 | 3,589 |
| Executives | 8,267 | 22,288 |
| Other employees | | 676 |
| | 12,732 | 29,211 |

Aggregate amount charged in these financial statements for the year for fee to seven non-executive directors was Rs. 4.1 million (2019: seven non-executive directors Rs. 3.6 million).

Certain executives of the Company are also provided with the Company maintained cars.

In respect of full time working Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary, the Company is charged monthly by an associated undertaking (Unilever Pakistan Limited) on agreed basis.

36.1 Retirement benefits represent amount contributed towards various retirement benefit plans.

37. PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION 2020 2019

Actual production of the plant in metric tons

40,121 40,195

37.1 The capacity of the plant is indeterminable as it is a multiproduct plant capable of producing several interchangeable products.

38. PROVIDENT FUND RELATED DISCLOSURE

All investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provision of Section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

| 39. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|------|------|
| Total number of employees at year end | 249 | 251 |
| Average number of employees during the year | 250 | 261 |
| Total number of Factory employees as at the reporting date | 228 | 228 |
| Average number of Factory employees during the year | 228 | 233 |

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

40.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on having cost effective funding as well as manage financial risk to minimize earnings volatility and provide maximum return to shareholders.

40.2 Reconciliation of movements of financial liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

| | Lease liabilities | Long term Borrowings | Unappropriated profit | Total |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| | + | | (Rupees in thousand) | + |
| Balance as at 1 January 2020 | 30,392 | - | 943,233 | 973,625 |
| Changes from financing cash flows | | | | |
| Repayment of lease liabilities | (37,450) | | | (37,450) |
| Financing obtained during the year | - | 23,660 | - | 23,660 |
| Dividends paid | - | - | (3,390,721) | (3,390,721) |
| Total changes from financing activities | (37,450) | 23,660 | (3,390,721) | (3,404,511) |
| Other changes | | | | |
| Interest expense | 1,374 | - | - | 1,374 |
| Increase in lease liabilities | 17,590 | - | - | 17,590 |
| Total changes | 18,964 | - | - | 18,964 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | _ | 3,841,993 | 3,841,993 |
| Dividend not paid during the year | | - | (7,775) | (7,775) |
| Balance as at December 31, 2020 | 11,906 | 23,660 | 1,386,730 | 1,422,296 |

40.3 Financial assets and liabilities by category and their respective maturities

| | Interest / Mark-up bearing | | Non-interest | Non-interest / Non mark-up bearing | | Total | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Maturity up to one year | Maturity after one year | Sub-total | Maturity up to one year | Maturity after one year | Sub-total | |
| FINANCIAL ASSETS | ← | | | (Rupees in thousand) | | | —— |
| Amortized Cost | | | | | | | |
| Loans and advances | - | - | - | 2,776 | 3,371 | 6,147 | 6,147 |
| Trade debts | - | - | - | 455,214 | - | 455,214 | 455,214 |
| Long term deposits | - | - | - | - | 2,980 | 2,980 | 2,980 |
| Trade deposits | - | - | - | 48,736 | - | 48,736 | 48,736 |
| Other receivables | - | - | - | 57,506 | - | 57,506 | 57,506 |
| Cash and bank balances | 661,375 | - | 661,375 | 268,520 | - | 268,520 | 929,895 |
| December 31, 2020 | 661,375 | - | 661,375 | 832,752 | 6,351 | 839,103 | 1,500,478 |
| December 31, 2019 | 324,184 | | 324,184 | 1,305,217 | 8,137 | 1,313,354 | 1,637,538 |
| December 31, 2019 | 324,104 | | 324,104 | 1,303,217 | 0,137 | 1,515,554 | 1,037,330 |
| | Interest / Mark-up bearing | | Non-interest | / Non marl | c-up beαring | Total | |
| | Maturity up to one year | Maturity after one year | Sub-total | Maturity up to one year | Maturity after one year | Sub-total | |
| | + | , | | (Rupees in thousand) | | | |
| FINANCIAL LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Derivative financial liability- measured at fair value | | | | | | | |
| Forward foreign exchange contract | - | - | - | 341 | - | 341 | 341 |
| Other financial liabilities- not measured at fair value | | | | | | | |
| Long term borrowings | - | 23,660 | 23,660 | - | - | - | 23,660 |
| Trade and other payables | 587,124 | - | 587,124 | 3,303,966 | - | 3,303,966 | 3,891,090 |
| Unpaid dividend | - | - | - | 31,180 | - | 31,180 | 31,180 |
| Unclaimed dividend | - | - | - | 25,447 | _ | 25,447 | 25,447 |
| Short term borrowings | - | - | - | - | | - | - |
| Accrued interest / mark up | - | - | - | 620 | - | 620 | 620 |
| Lease liability | 11,519 | 387 | 11,906 | - | - | - | 11,906 |
| December 31, 2020 | 598,643 | 24,047 | 622,690 | 3,361,554 | - | 3,361,554 | 3,984,244 |
| December 31, 2019 | 633,714 | - | 633,714 | 3,630,393 | - | 3,630,393 | 4,264,107 |
| ON BALANCE SHEET GAP | | | | | | | |
| FINANCIAL POSITION GAP December 31, 2020 | 62.732 | (24,047) | 38,685 | | 6,351 | (2,522.451) | (2,483,766) |
| | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2019 | (309,530) | | (309,530) | (2,325,176) | 8,137 | (2,317,039) | (2,626,569) |

NON FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS

Letters of credit / guarantee:

December 31, 2020

December 31, 2019

1,439,880 1,427,450

The carrying value of financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair value.

For valuation of derivative (forward foreign exchange contract: refer note 21) at reporting date, the relevant rate has been taken from financial institution and has been classified in to level 2 fair value measurement hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13.

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying amount of financial assets. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 1,498 million (2019: Rs. 1,637.2 million), the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. 461.36 million (2019: Rs. 877.6 million).

For trade debts, internal risk assessment process determines the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial positions, past experiences and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external credit worthiness ratings in accordance with limits set by the management. As of December 31, 2020 trade debts of Rs.3.6 million (2019: Rs. 26.51 million) were past due but not impaired. The carrying amount of trade debts relates to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default.

For trade debts, the Company applies IFRS 9 simplified approach for measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables, to measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 36 months before 1 January 2020 and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period.

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk and Expected Credit Loss for trade receivables as at reporting date.

Gross carrying

2020

Specific loss

40,808

44,701

Expected

75%-100%

Expected

2,041

| | amount | credit loss | allowance | credit loss rate | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| | ← (Ru | ← (Rupees in thousand) → | | | | | |
| Not yet due | 407,071 | 206 | - | 0.1% - 0.5% | | | |
| Less than 3 months | 11,342 | 37 | - | 0.1% - 5% | | | |
| More than 3 months to not | | | | | | | |
| later than 6 months | 37,274 | 230 | - | 0.1% - 15% | | | |
| More than 6 months to not | | | | | | | |
| later than 12 months | 39,871 | - | 39,871 | 30% - 75% | | | |
| More than one year | 18,706 | | 18,706 | 75%-100% | | | |
| | 514,264 | 473 | 58,577 | | | | |
| | 4 | 20 | 19 ——— | - | | | |
| | Gross carrying amount | Expected credit loss | Specific loss allowance | Expected credit loss rate | | | |
| | ← (Ru | pees in thousan | d) | | | | |
| Not yet due | 583,937 | 1,379 | - | 0.1% - 0.5% | | | |
| Less than 3 months | 246,439 | 534 | - | 0.1% - 5% | | | |
| More than 3 months to not | | | | | | | |
| later than 6 months | 19,602 | 128 | - | 0.1% - 15% | | | |
| More than 6 months to not | | | | | | | |
| later than 12 months | 19,651 | - | 3,893 | 30% - 75% | | | |

45,395

915,024

More than one year

Deposits have been placed mainly against utility company, shipping guarantees and letters of credit, hence exposed to no significant credit risk.

Loans and advances to employees are not exposed to any material credit risk.

Other receivables constitute mainly receivables from the related parties, therefore, are not exposed to any significant credit risk.

The bank balances represent low credit risk as they are placed with banks having good credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies.

The management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

Management believes that it is not exposed to significant credit risk.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

(iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in foreign exchange rate, interest rates will effect the Company's income or value of its holding in financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing returns.

a) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist in foreign currency. As at December 31, 2020, financial assets of Rs.17.75 million (2019: Rs. 107.03 million) and financial liabilities of Rs.150.30 million (2019: Rs. 175.39 million) were in foreign currency which were exposed to foreign currency risk.

All foreign currency financial assets are in USD. Foreign currency liabilities are approx. 79.25% in USD, 9.09% in GBP, 6.63% in CNY, 4.68% in EURO & 0.35% in JPY.

As at December 31, 2020, if the Pakistan Rupee had weakened / strengthened by 5% against Euro with all other variables held constant, profit before tax for the year would have been lower / higher by Rs. 0.35 million (2019: Rs. 1.02 million), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses / gains on translation of Euro denominated financial liabilities.

As at December 31, 2020, if the Pakistan Rupee had weakened / strengthened by 5% against US Dollar with all other variables held constant, profit before tax for the year would have been higher / lower by Rs. 5.07 million (2019: Rs. 1.26 million), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses / gains on translation of US Dollar denominated financial liabilities.

As at December 31, 2020, if the Pakistan Rupee had weakened / strengthened by 5% against Japanese Yen with all other variables held constant, profit before tax for the year would have been lower / higher by Rs. 0.03 million (2019: Rs. Nil), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses / gains on translation of Japanese Yen denominated financial liabilities.

As at December 31, 2020, if the Pakistan Rupee had weakened / strengthened by 5% against CNY with all other variables held constant, profit before tax for the year would have been lower / higher by Rs. 0.50 million (2019: Rs. 2.88 million), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses / gains on translation of CNY denominated financial liabilities.

As at December 31, 2020, if the Pakistan Rupee had weakened / strengthened by 5% against Great Britain Pound with all other variables held constant, profit before tax for the year would have been lower / higher by Rs. 0.68 million (2019: Rs. 0.77 million), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses / gains on translation of GBP denominated financial liabilities.

The sensitivity of foreign exchange rate looks at the outstanding foreign exchange balances of the Company only as at the reporting date and assumes this is the position for a full twelve-month period.

Derivative financial liability - at fair value through
profit or loss(Rupees in Thousand)Opening balance as at January 1, 202016,868Cumulative net loss during the year58,219Net realized loss during the year(74,746)Net unrealized Loss as at December 31,2020341

b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises due to changes in market interest rates that results in fluctuation in fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument. Borrowings obtained at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk.

At December 31, 2020, the Company had variable interest bearing financial assets of Rs. 661.4 million (2019: Rs. 324.18 million) and financial liabilities of Rs. 622.69 million (2019: Rs 633.71 million), and had the interest rate varied by 200 basis points with all the other variables held constant, profit before tax for the year would have been approximately Rs. 0.77 million (2019: 6.19 million) lower / higher, mainly as a result of higher / lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

41. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefit for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The gearing ratios as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

| | 2020 | 2019 | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|
| | (Rupees in thousand) | | |
| Laure tauns daha | 23,660 | | |
| Long - term debt | • | - | |
| Cash and bank | (929,895) | (724,556) | |
| Net (cash surplus) / debt | (906,235) | (724,556) | |
| Total equity | 2,747,694 | 1,892,563 | |
| Total capital | 2,747,694 | 1,892,563 | |
| Gearing ratio | 0.86% | 0.00% | |

The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance.

| 42. | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | Note | 2020 (Rupees in th | 2019 ousand) |
|-----|---|------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| | Cash and bank balances Short term borrowings - running finance under | 16 | 929,895 | 724,556 |
| | mark up arrangements | 24 | _ | (35,217) |
| | | | 929,895 | 689,339 |

43. PROPOSED AND DECLARED DIVIDENDS

At the Board of Directors' meeting held on March 01, 2021, a final dividend of Rs. 210.89 per share amounting to Rs. 1,343 million in respect of 2020 is proposed (2019: Rs. 142 per share amounting to Rs. 905 million). This is in addition to the cumulative interim cash dividend of Rs. 391.52 per share amounting to Rs. 2,494 million (2019: Rs. 244 per share amounting to Rs. 1,554 million) declared during the year.

44. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged and reclassified, wherever necessary for purpose of comparison and better presentation.

45. DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These financial statements were authorized for issue on March 01, 2021 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 23rd Annual General Meeting of Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited will be held virtually through Zoom on Monday, April 12, 2021, at 11:00 a.m. to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Company's Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2020, together with the Reports of the Auditors and Directors thereon.
- 2. To approve and declare dividend (2020) on the Ordinary Shares of the Company.
 The Directors have recommended a final cash dividend of 2108.9% (or Rs. 210.89 per share) on the Ordinary Shares.
 Together with the First Interim Dividend of 1300% (or Rs. 130.00) per ordinary share, Second Interim Dividend of 1410% (or Rs. 141.00) per ordinary share and Third Interim Dividend of 1205.2% (or Rs. 120.52) per ordinary share, already paid, the total dividend for will thus amount to 6024.1% (or Rs. 602.41) per ordinary share.
- 3. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.
 Messrs KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible have offered themselves for re-appointment.

By Order of the Board

Karachi March 16, 2021 Aman Ghanchi Company Secretary

Notes:

- Share Transfer Books will be closed from April 06, 2021 to April 12, 2021 (both days inclusive) when no transfer of shares will be accepted for registration. Transfers in good order, received at the office of Company's Share Registrar M/s Central Depository Company Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block "B", S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi-74400 by the close of the Business on April 05, 2021 will be treated in time for the purpose of payment of Final Dividend to the transferees and for ascertaining the entitlement of Shareholders for attending the Annual General Meeting.
- 2. All Members / Shareholders are entitled to attend and vote at the meeting. The members are required to email their Name, Folio Number, Valid Email address and Number of Shares held in their name at corporate.secretarial@unilever.com or WhatsApp Number 0321-8200864. A Member may appoint a proxy who need not be a Member of the Company.
- 3. Duly completed instrument of proxy, and the other authority under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy thereof, must be lodged with the Company Secretary at the Company's Registered Office (1st Floor, Avari Plaza, Fatima Jinnah Road, Karachi) at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- **4.** CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under-mentioned guidelines as laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

A. For Attending the Meeting:

- i. The members are required to email their Name, Folio Number, Valid Email address and Number of Shares held in their name at corporate.secretarial@unilever.com or WhatsApp Number 0321-8200864.
- ii. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) along with above mentioned details shall be submitted on the email address or Whatsapp number.

B. For Appointing Proxies:

- i. In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form along with valid email address for receiving the Login credentials.
- ii. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- iii. Attested copies of valid CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iv. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature and attested copy of Valid CNIC of the person nominated to represent and vote on behalf of the corporate entity, shall be submitted along with proxy form to the Company.
- 5. Video-Link and Login credentials will be shared with only those Members whose emails, containing all the required particulars, are received at the given email address 48 hours before the meeting. The shareholders can also provide their comments and questions for the agenda items of the AGM on Whatsapp Number 0321-8200864 and email: corporate.secretarial@unilever.com.
- **6.** Video-Link and Login credentials will be shared with only those proxies whose duly completed instrument of proxy, and the other authority under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy thereof are received 48 hours before the meeting.
- 7. As per the current reports, Covid-19 is once again surging in Pakistan. Considering the safety of our shareholders, unpredictable situation of the pandemic and keeping in view the SECP Circular No. 6 of 2021 dated March 03, 2021 and to adopt a cautious approach for the respected shareholders, it has been decided that the AGM will be held through electronic means only for which all necessary facilitation will be provided.
- 8. In accordance with the directives of the SECP, the dividends of shareholders whose CNIC copies have not been received by the Company shall not be electronically credited until receipt thereof. Therefore, the individual shareholders who have not submitted their CNIC copies are requested to send the same at the earliest to the share registrar of the Company. Corporate entities are requested to provide their NTN. While providing their CNIC/NTN, shareholders must quote their respective folio numbers.
- 9. (i) The Government of Pakistan through Finance Act, 2014 has made certain amendments in Section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 whereby different rates are prescribed for deduction of withholding tax on the amount of dividend paid by the Companies. Now these rates as per the Finance Act -2020 are as under:
 - (a) For Filers of Income Tax Return 15%
 - (b) For Non-Filers of Income Tax Return 30%

To enable the Company to make tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend @ 15% instead of 30% all the shareholders whose names are not entered into the Active Tax-payers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR, despite the fact that they are filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered into ATL before the start of book closure date i.e. April 06, 2021 for entitlement to final dividend to be paid on April 26, 2021 otherwise tax on their cash dividend will be deducted @ 30% instead of 15%.

- (ii) For any query/problem/information, the investor may contact the Share Registrar: The Manager, M/s Central Depository Company Share Registrar Services Limited, telephone number: 0800 23275 (Toll Free), e-mail address: info@cdcpak.com and /or the Company: Mr. Hussain Ahmed, telephone number: +92-21-35681008 e-mail address: corporate.secretarial@unilever.com.
- (iii) The corporate shareholders having CDC accounts are required to have their National Tax Number (NTN) updated with their respective participants, whereas corporate physical shareholder should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the company or it's Share Registrar M/s Central Depository Company Share Registrar Services Limited. The Shareholders while sending NTN or NTN certificates, as the case may be, must quote Company name and their respective folio numbers.

According to clarification received from Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), withholding tax will be determined separately on 'Filer/Non-Filer' status of Principal Shareholder as well as Joint Holder(s) based on their shareholding proportions, in case of joint holding / joint account. In this regard, all shareholders who hold shares with joint shareholders, are requested to provide shareholding proportions of Principal Shareholder and Joint Holder(s) in respect of shares held by them, to Company's Share Registrar, M/s Central Depository Company Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block "B", S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi-74400, in writing as follows:

| | | | Principal S | Shareholder | Joint Shareholder | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|---|--|
| Name of Company | Follo/CDS Account# | Total Shares | Name and CNIC# | Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares) | Name and CNIC# | Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares) | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Otherwise it will be assumed that the shares are equally held by Principal Shareholder and Joint -Holder(s).

- 10. Under the provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017, it is mandatory for a listed Company to pay cash dividend to its shareholders only through electronic mode directly into bank account designated by the entitled shareholders. In order to receive dividends directly into their bank account, shareholders are requested to fill in Dividend Mandate Shareholders having physical holding should submit the prescribed Dividend Mandate Form, to the Company's Share Registrar. The Shareholders who hold shares with participants / stock brokers or with Central Depository Company may approach to submit the prescribed Dividend Mandate details to their participants / stock broker or to CDC for this option, with a copy of the Dividend Mandate Form to Share Registrar of the Company. The dividend mandate form is available in the Annual Report and also uploaded on our Company's website.
- **11.** Pursuant to Section 134(2) and Section 132(2) of the Companies Act, 2017, members can also avail video conference facility at Lahore, subject to the following conditions.

The video conferencing facility will be provided only if the Company receives consent from members holding in aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at Lahore, to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 7 days prior to the date of general meeting.

| general meeting along with complete in | 5 5 | enable them to access such facility. |
|--|-----------------------------|---|
| In this regard, members who wish to posigned request as follows: | articipate through video co | onference facility at Lahore should send a dul |
| I/ We, | S/o, D/o, W/o | obeing |
| | | Ordinary Share(s) as per Register Folio No (Name of City). |
| Signature of Member | | |

12. Any change of address of Members should be immediately notified to the Company's Share Registrars, M/s CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block "B", S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi -74400.

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*Mobile apps are also available for download for android and ios devices

Form of Proxy

| The Secretary Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited Avari Plaza, Fatima Jinnah Road Karachi-75530, Pakistan. | |
|---|---|
| Limited, holdingv required by Government regulation | n/ daughter/ wife of shareholder of Unilever Pakistanordinary / preference shares hereby appoint who is my [state relationship (if any) with the proxy; ns] and the son / daughter/ wife of, (holding aree shares in the Company under Folio No) [required by |
| Government; delete if proxy is not the | Company's shareholder] as my / our proxy, to attend and vote for me / us nual General Meeting of the Company to be held on April 12, 2021 and / or |
| Signed this day of | 2021. |
| Witness 1: | |
| Signature: | |
| Name: | (Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the Company) |
| CNIC #: | |
| Address : | |
| Witness 2: | Signature of Member(s) |
| Signature: | Shareholder's Folio No.: |
| Name: | and / or CDC Participant I.D. No.: |
| CNIC #: | and Sub- Account No.: |
| Address: | Shareholder's CNIC #: |
| | Email Address of Proxy: |
| | Contact No. of Proxy: |
| Note: | |
| (c) write down his/her/their Folio (d) attach an attested photocop | p in the same style of signature as is registered with the Company. |
| | ust be received at the Registered Office of the Company at least 48 hours |

3. Detailed procedure is given in the Notes to the Notice of AGM.

براکسی فارم

| ، پاکستان ـ | ییٹا/ بیٹی/ بیوی | |
|--|--|---|
| سیشد کاشیئر هولڈر هوں اور | | عمومی شیئرز کی تحویل رکھتا ہوں ، میں بذریع |
| | | بین (رشته داری واضح کر |
| بطوں کے تحت در کار ہے) پی ^{مپ} نی میر | · · | عمومی ش <u>با</u> |
| / کرتی ہوں جومیری/ ہماری جانب _ التواء کی صورت میں کسی بھی دیگر وفت | • | ں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کے اہل ہیں۔? |
| ————— 2021 كورستخد | | |
| | | |
| | | (وستخط نمینی کے یاس رجٹر کردہ وستخط |
| | | ر د حط ہی ہے یا ں ربسر سردہ د حط کے جیسا ہونا حیا مینے) |
| | 1 | ت پیش 5 رو پے کا رسیدی ٹکٹ |
| | | چسپاں کر کے دستخط کریں |
| | | ممبر(ز) کا / کے دستخط: |
| | شيئر ہولڈر کا فولیونمبر: | |
| | اور/ یا CDC میں شرکت کا آ ڈی اور ذیلی ا کاؤنٹ نمبر: | |
| | اوردیا ۱ وت بسر. شیئر ہولڈر کاسی این آئی سی نمبر: | |
| | پرائسی کاای میل ایڈریس: | |
| | پراکسی کارابطه نمبر: | |
| س ت ہے کہ: | | |
| سے ہے ہہ. رج بالا واضح کردہ جگہ پر 5 رویے کا | ٹ چسیاں کریں۔ | |
| * _ * _ * | • | |
| سیدی ٹکٹ پر دستخط کریں جیسے کہ ممپنی | | |

Bank Account Details of Shareholder for Payment of Cash Dividend (Dividend Mandate Form) (Mandatory Requirement as per the Companies Act, 2017)

| Company: |
|---|
| Folio No./CDS Account No. |
| Name of Shareholder: |
| Father's / Husband's Name: |
| Address: |
| |
| CNIC#: |
| Cell #: |
| Land Line #: |
| Email: |
| It is requested that all my cash dividend amounts declared by the Company, may be credited into the following bank account: International Bank Account Number (IBAN) – Mandatory: |
| P K |
| Bank's Name Branch Name Branch Address It is stated that the above-mentioned information is correct and that I will intimate the changes in the above-mentioned information to the company and the concerned Share Registrar as soon as these occur. |
| |

Name of Shareholder (s)

Encl: Photocopy of CNIC

Note:

This form duly filled and signed along with legible photocopy of valid Computerised National Identity Card (CNIC) will be sent to the M/s Central Depository Company Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi-74400, Pakistan.

منا فع منقسمہ کی نفذادا ئیگی کے لیے شیئر ہولڈرز کے بینک اکا ؤنٹ کی تفصیل (ڈیویڈنڈمینڈیٹ فارم) (کپینزا کیٹ 2017 کے مطابق لازی طور پر مطلوب)

| : |
|---|
| بىر/CDSا كاؤنث نمبر |
| مول <i>ڈر</i> کانام: |
| اشوهرکانام: |
| ين: |
| |
| شاختی کارونمبر: |
| ل نمبر: |
| |
| <i>ل</i> : |
| ارش کی جاتی ہے کہ کمپنی کی جانب سے دیئے جانے والے میرے منافع منقسمہ کی تمام رقم مندرجہ ذیل بینک ا کاؤنٹ میں جمع کر دی جائے۔ |
| ئىل بىيك ا كاۇنٹ نمبر (IBAN):لازى: |
| K |
| بینک کانام |
| برائج کانام برائج کاایڈریس |
| |
| اِن کیاجا تا ہے کہ کمپنی اور متعلقہ شیئر رجٹر ارکودی جانے والی مندرجہ بالامعلومات درست ہے اوراس میں ہونے والی کسی طرح کی بھی تبدیلی ہے متعلق آپ کوآگاہ کیا جائے گا۔ |
| |
| |

ہاؤس،B9-B، بلاک بی ،ایس ایم ہی ایچ ایس، مین شاہراہ فیصل ، کراچی، 74400 پاکستان کو جھیجنی ہوگی۔

ڈائزیکٹرز کی جائزہ رپورٹ

31 دیمبر2020 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے یونی لیور پاکستان فوڈ زلمیٹڈ کی سالانہ رپورٹ اور آڈٹ شدہ مالی گوشوارےڈ ائر بکٹروں کی جانب سے ذیل میں پیش کیے جارہے ہیں۔ سبب ب

ممینی کی خاص خاص سرگرمیان:

رفحان، کنور،اینز جائل گلیکسو زڈی اور بیسٹ فوڈز کے برانڈ ناموں سے کمپنی کنز یومراور کمرشل فوڈز پروڈ کٹس بناتی اور فروخت کرتی ہے۔2020ء میں اس کاروبار میں %17.2 اضافیہ وا اگرچہ " کرونا کے لاک ڈاون" کی وجہ سےفو ڈسلوشنز کا برنس بری طرح متاثر ہواتھا۔

2020 میں قیمت فروخت میں اضافہ کی وجوہات درج ذیل ہیں:

کنور: کنور میں اضافہ خاص طور پراس کے نمایاں برانڈ زنو ڈلزاور کچپ میں ہواجس کی وجوہات میں بہتر برانڈا یکو پٹی اور شہروں میں اس کی زبردست مانگ رہی ساتھ ہی دیہات کی مارکیٹوں تک رسائی بھی کی گئی۔ساتھ ہی اس کی نمایاں تشہیر کے لیئے ڈیجیٹل ذرائع کا استعال کیا گیا اور بڑی بڑی تقریبات کا انعقاد اور ان میں شرکت سے بھی اس کی فروخت میں اضافہ ہوا۔" چیزی چٹ پٹا" ویئرینٹ کولانچ کیا گیا جے مارکیٹ میں بہت مقبولیت حاصل ہوئی۔

رفحان: اگرچہ بیالیکمشکل سال تھالیکن رفحان کی سیز میں خوب اضافہ ہوا جس کی خاص وجہ ریتھی کہ کھانے کے بعد تھوڑی تی کھائے جانے والی اضافی اشیاء (ڈیزرٹ) اور کارن آئل کی سیل بڑھی۔ بیکامیا بی قیمتوں کے تعین اور کنزیومر پروموشنز کے ذریعے حاصل ہوئی۔

فو و سلوشنز: لوگوں کے کھانے سے متعلق اس برنس میں کافی کی دیکھنے میں آئی جس کی خاص وجو ہات ُلاک ڈاون' اور گھرسے باہر کھانے پرپابندیاں تھیں۔

اس سال کامجموعی منافع گزشتہ سال49.8 سے بڑھ کر42.9 ہوگیا۔اس کی وجوہات بیتھیں کہلاگت میں کی گئی اورا خراجات بچائے گئے۔ای پی ایس (EPS) میں گزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں %56.4 اضافہ ہواجس کی وجوہات بیتھیں کہ سیلز، منافع کے مارجن مین اضافہ ہوااورٹیکس کی چھوٹ ملی۔

| 2019 | 2020 | ہماری مالیاتی کار کردگی کا خلاصہ: |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Ü | روپے ملین م | |
| 13,291 | 15,573 | سيلز |
| 5,502 | 6,679 | مجموعى منافع |
| 2,943 | 4,078 | ہِرگرمیوں کے ذریعے منافع |
| 2,808 | 4,055 | ٹیکس ہے پہلے منافع |
| 2,453 | 3,837 | ٹیکس کے بعد منافع |
| 385.08 | 602.42 | بنیادی ای لیی ایس (روپے) |

حقه دارول كامنافع: (دُيويدُندُ)

2020ء کا پہلاعبوری ڈیویڈنڈ (جوادا کیاجاچکاہے) 130روپی فی شیئرتھا۔ (2019 میں یہ88روپی فی شیئر رہا)۔ 2020ء کا دوسراعبوری ڈیویڈنٹ (جوادا کیاجاچکاہے) 141 روپی فی شیئر تھا۔ (2019 میں یہ 63روپی فی شیئر رہا)۔ 2020ء کا تیسرا عبوری ڈیویڈنڈ (جوادا کیا جاچکاہے) 120.52 روپی فی شیئر تھا (2019 میں یہ 93روپی فی شیئر رہا)۔ آخری ڈیویڈنڈ 210.89 روپی فی شیئر ہے (2019ء میں یہ 142روپی فی شیئر رہا)۔

اندسرى كاجائزه:

پاکستان میں فوڈز کی مجموعی مارکیٹ کا اندازہ 3.3 ٹریلین (3.3 trillion)روپے لگایا گیاہے (بیاندازہ بورومانیٹر اور کنز بومرپینل نے لگایاہے)۔اس مارکیٹ میں گئ قومی اور ملٹی نیشنل کمپنیوں کے علاوہ بہت سی علاقائی کمپنیاں بھی شامل ہیں۔ پیٹ میں بند

غذاؤں کی مانگ 11.9% کے حساب سے بڑھتی جارہی ہے اور بیاضا فیہ خاص طور پر کھانی جانے والی اضافی اشیاء (Snacks) کھانے کے تیل اور کھانے کے بعد تھوڑی تی کھائی جانے والی اضافی اشیاء (عامدی) میں ہور ہاہے۔

سرماییکاری:

کمپنی نے اپنی گنجائش بڑھانے اور کار کردگی بہتر کرنے کی غرض سے گزشتہ سال کے دوران 363.5 ملین رویے کی سرمایہ کاری کی۔

ليكود يني يروفائل:

کمپنی نے دوران سال جاری رہنے والی سرگرمیوں کے ذریعے 3,908 ملین روپے حاصل کیے ۔سال کے اختتام پر کمپنی کے پاس930ملین روپے موجود تھے۔ آپ کی کمپنی و تنفے و تنفے کے بعد جائزہ لے کر مالی گوشوارے تیار کرتی ہے تا کہ زیادہ سے زیادہ منافع حاصل کرنے کے لیے بہترین حکمت عملی اپنائی جائے۔

سرماییکاری کے لیے حکمت عملی کافی سوچ سمجھ کرتر تیب دی جاتی ہے اوراس میں مستقبل کے مکمنہ خطرات کا خاص خیال رکھا جا تا ہے اور ضرورت سے زائد رقومات مختصر مدت کے لیے پیکوں میں رکھی جاتی ہیں۔

سمپنی کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ:

کمپنی میں ایک ایسانظام موجود ہے جس میں کمپنی کی کارکردگی کاتختی سے جائزہ لیاجا تا ہے۔ کمپنی کی انتظامیہ اس کے لیے کئی طریقے استعال کرتی ہے۔ جواس کی بنیادی کمپنی اور مقامی قیادت کے اچھے اقد امات پرمنی ہوتے ہیں تا کہ ہمارا کاروبار مختصر مّدت اور طویل مّدت، دونوں کے دوران اچھی پیزیشن میں رہے۔

کارکردگی جانچنے کے لیے ہمارے اقدامات پانچ بنیادی نکات پر شتمل ہوتے ہیں لینی ہامقصد برانڈ، بہتر رسائی، چینل کاڈیزائن، موثر تبدیلیاں اور تر قی کی کوشش۔

خاص خطرات اور غيريقيني حالات:

ممینی کومندرجه ذیل خطرات کاسامناہے:

- کاروبار کی ترقی میں ''کرونا'' کی موجودہ صورت حال رکاوٹ بن رہی ہے کیوں

 کہ ہمارے کاروباری کی ترقی کے پلان کو خطرہ اور غیر تقیقی صور تحال کاسامنا ہے

 جس میں ہمارا مال خرید نے والی دکانوں کی تعداد میں اضافہ کرنے اور مارکیٹ

 اور جزلٹر ٹیچینکر کو گزشتہ سالوں سے تیز ترکر نے اور مصنوعات کی درجہ بندی
 شامل میں ۔

 شامل میں ۔
- میکروا کانومی میں بہتری ظاہر ہورہی ہے،ٹریڈ بیلنس اور کرنٹ اکاونٹ میں اضافیہ ہور ہاہے لیکن درمیانی مدت اور طویل مدت والے منصوبوں کے نتائج ابھی آنا باقی ہے۔

ہارےلوگ:

یونی لیور میں ہمار بے لوگ ہماری سب سے بڑی طاقت ہیں۔ وہ کمپنی کامشن آگ بڑی لیور میں ہمار بے لوگ ہماری سب سے بڑی طاقت ہیں۔ وہ کمپنی کامشن آگ بڑیں معیار کے مطابق بیٹ آپ کو جواب دہ رکھتے ہیں۔ یہ مواقع چاہے سیھنے کے پروگراموں سے متعلق ہوں، چاہے مشکل فرائض کی انجام دہی سے اور چاہے بہتری کے اقد امات سے۔ موں، چاہے مشکل فرائض کی انجام دہی سے اور چاہے بہتری کے اقد امات سے۔ صلاحیتیں مزید امیا گر ہوئیں کیونکہ انہوں نے غیر بھنی حالات میں کام کرنے کا چیلنج مول کیا۔ ہم نے اپنی سرگرمیوں میں سیفٹی کے بین الاقوامی معیار کا خاص خیال رکھا اور ساتھ ہی ساتھ ہی ساتھ ہم نے اپنے ملاز مین کی ذہنی وجسمانی صحت کی طرف بھی توجہ دی۔ اس بات کا ثبوت سے ہے کہ ہمار بے لوگوں نے ''کرونا'' کی عالمی وباسے خمٹنے کے لیے بہترین اقدامات کیے۔

انصاف، جدت اورشمولیت یونی لیور کی سب سے اہم ترجیجات ہیں۔ ملازمت دینے کے لیے ہم عورت، مرد، خواجہ سرا، عمر نسل، مذہب اورامیر وغریب کونہیں دیکھتے بلکہ افراد کی قابلیت کی بنیاد پرسب کومساوی مواقع پیش کرتے ہیں۔

کام کرنے کے انجرتے ہوئے عالمی ماحول میں ہم تیزی سے کام کرنے کی حوصلہ افزائی کرتے ہیں تا کہ افراد کی زندگیاں بہتر ہوسکیں۔

ماحول كي حفاظت:

یونی لیور پاکتان فوڈ زلمیٹر کی مینوفی نجرنگ حکمت عملی میں بیا ہم کلتہ شامل ہے کہ مصنوعات تیار کرنے میں ماحول کی حفاظت کا خاص خیال رکھا جائے۔ اقوام متحدہ کے قابل برداشت تر قیاتی مقاصد حاصل کرنے کے ساتھ ساتھ ہماری کمپنی اپنی مصنوعات کی تیاری میں ماحول کی حفاظت کا خاص خیال رکھتی ہے۔ 2020 کے دوران ہماری کمپنی کی فیکٹریوں نے ماحول کی حفاظت کے لیے ٹی اقد امات کیے۔ جن میں پانی اور توانائی کا کم سے کم استعال اور کوڑے کرکٹ میں کی کرنا شامل تھا۔ ان مقاصد کے لیے درج ذیل بروجیکٹس برکام ہوا:

- ہوا کی آمدورفت اورکولنگ ٹاورز کیلئے لوڈ مینجمنٹ سٹم نصب کیا گیا تا کہ تو انائی کااستعال انتہائی کم کیا جاسکے۔
- ان کے پی ایس النٹس کی جگہ ایل ای و ٹی النٹس لگائی گئیں جو کم بخل خرچ کرتی ہیں۔ بخل خرچ کرتی ہیں۔
- بوائر زچلانے کیلئے اینے۔او۔ کی جگہ بہتر ایندھن استعال کیا گیا جس ہے آلود گی میں کمی واقع ہوئی۔
- کولنگ ٹاورز سے خارج ہونے والے مواد کود وبارہ استعال کے قابل بنانے کے لیے الٹر اوائلٹ اورالٹر افلٹریشن طریقے استعال کیے گئے۔
- پانی کی پائپ لائنوں کوتبدیل کردیا گیاجس سے پانی کے خرچ میں کمی آئی۔
 - بارش کے یانی کوجمع کرنے کے ٹیکوں میں بہتری لائی گئی۔
- فیکٹریوں سے نکلنے والے بے کارمواد کو دوبارہ استعال کے قابل بنایا گیا۔
 - پروجیک ای۔ بیگ شروع کر دیا گیا۔

ہمارے دفاتر ، فیکٹریاں، صارفین اور شرکاء کی کوشش میہ ہے کہ کاربن کے اخراج میں زیادہ سے زیادہ کی کی جائے۔ ہم میکام اپنے اتحاد یوں سے ل کرانجام دے رہے ہیں تاکہ ہمارے کرۂ ارض کا مستقبل برداشت کے قابل رہے۔ ہم میہ بھی جانتے ہیں کہ عالمی طور پر آب وہوا کے معاملات اور مشکلات سے متعلق آگا ہی بڑھتی جارہی ہے۔

معاشرے کی فلاح کے لیے سرمایکاری (14.9 ملین رویے):

اس آ زمائش کے وقت میں قومی خدمت کواپنی ذمہ داری سیھتے ہوئے یونی لیور پاکستان وہ پہلی سینی تھی۔ ہوئے یونی لیور پاکستان وہ پہلی سینی تھی۔ 19 میں مالیاتی اور عطیات پڑشمل امدادی سرگرمیوں کا آغاز کیا۔ اس سے یونی لیور کے اس عہد کی تجدید ہوتی ہے کہ ہم پاکستان میں اپنی قومی ذمہ داریوں کو جھانے کاعزم رکھتے ہیں۔ مزید ید کہ:

- الف: بچوں کو اہم موضوعات پر تعلیم ہے آ راستہ کرنے کیلئے کنورنے تعلیم آبادُنا می ادارے کے ساتھ پارٹنرشپ کرتے ہوئے سرمایہ فراہم کیا جس میں بچوں کو ذاتی حفاظت اوراخلاقیات کی تعلیم وتربیت فراہم کی گئی۔ اس پارٹنرشپ کے ذریعے تقریباً ایک ملین بچے مستفید ہوئے۔
- ب: کنورنے دیہات کے نو جوانوں کوروزگار فراہم کرنے کا کام جاری رکھا۔اس پروگرام میں لوگوں کونو ڈلز بیچنے کے لیئے ہاتھ گاڑیاں فراہم کی جاتی ہیں۔تا کہ وہ کچھ کمائی کرنے کے ساتھ ساتھ دیہات کے لوگوں کو کھانے پینے کی صحت بخش اور چیٹ پٹی اشیاء فراہم کر سکیس۔ اس اقدام کی بدولت ملازمت کے مواقع فراہم کئے گئے جس سے 2 ہزار سے زائد خاندانوں کی زندگیوں میں آسانی پیدا ہوئی۔

پیشه ورانه میفنی اور صحت:

یونی لیور پاکتان فوڈزلمیٹڈ کے کاموں میں سیفٹی پر مجھوتے کی کوئی گنجائش نہیں ہے۔
یونی لیور پاکتان فوڈزلمیٹڈ کے کاموں میں سیفٹی پر مجھوتے کی کوئی گنجائش نہیں ہے۔
ہم سیفٹی پر سلسل اپنی توجیم کوزر کھتے ہیں اور ہماری قیادت اس سلسلے میں برابر پیغامات
ویتی رہتی ہے، جن میں ملازمین کا ذمہ دارانہ روبیا ورمشینوں کے محفوظ ڈیزائن ، سہولیات
اور مصنوعات شامل ہیں۔ ساتھ ہی ساتھ سارا سال محفوظ طریقے اور نظام اختیار
کرنے پر توجہ دی جاتی ہے۔

ملاز مین کی شراکت:

چندہ جمع کرنے اور رضا کارانہ سرگرمیوں کے ذریعے ہمارے ملاز مین نادارلوگوں کی زندگی بہتر کرنے کے لئے انہیں تعلیم اور صحت بخش غذا فراہم کرنے میں ان کی مدد کرتے ہیں۔ ہمارے ملاز مین کی تنخوا ہوں سے 15 لاکھرو پے اکٹھا کرکے ہمارے سوشل پارٹنزز کودیے گئے جن میں دی سٹیزن فاؤنڈیشن، آغا خان یو نیور سٹی ہپتال اور وراثر فو ٹر پروگرام شامل تھے۔ بیرقم نادار بچوں اور نوجوانوں کی تعلیم ،غذا اور صحت کے لیے فراہم کی گئی۔

ریٹائر منٹ فنڈ میں ملاز مین کی سرمایہ کاری:

یونی لیور پاکستان فوڈزلمیٹٹر نے گزشتہ سال 15.88 ملین روپے اسٹاف ریٹائر منٹ فنڈ کے لئے فراہم کئے۔ 31 دسمبر 2020ء کے مالیاتی گوشواروں کے مطابق کمپنی نے اسٹاف ریٹائر منٹ فنڈ کے لیے جورتو مفراہم کیس ان کی تفصیل درج ذیل ہے:

| روپے ملین میں | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 192 | پراویڈنٹ فنڈ |
| 34 | گر یجوئٹی فنڈ |
| 226 | ٹومل 2020ء |
| 210 | ٹوٹل 2019ء |

كاربوريث كورننس

یونی لیور پاکستان فوڈ زلمیٹڈ کی اقتظامیہ کارپوریٹ گورننس کی پیروی اور بہترین تجربات پرعمل درآمد کے لئے پرعزم ہے ۔ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے عین مطابق کمپنی کے ڈائریکٹرز کا بیان درج ذیل ہے:

- کمپنی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کئے گئے مالیاتی گوشواروں میں کمپنی کی سرگرمیوں کے نتائج ،کیش فلوزاورا یکوئیٹی کی تبدیلیوں کوواضح انداز میں پیش کمیا گیاہے۔
 کیا گیاہے۔
 - تحمینی کے مالیاتی کھاتے درست انداز میں تیار کئے گئے ہیں۔
- پاکستان میں رائج مناسب مالی پالسیوں کے عین مطابق سمینی کے مالی گوشواروں کی تیاری کی گئی ہے اوراس کے مالی تخیینے مناسب اور مختاط فیصلوں کی بنیا دپر لگائے گئے ہیں۔

- مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری انٹرنیشنل فٹائشلر پورٹنگ سٹم (IFRS) کے مطابق
 کی گئی ہے اور اس سے کسی طرح کے انحراف کو مناسب طریقے سے واضح کیا
 گیا ہے۔
 - کمپنی میں اندرونی احتساب کا نظام مشکم ہے اور مؤثر انداز میں اس پڑمل
 درآ مداوراس کی نگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
- میپنی کے استحکام اور آگے بڑھنے کی صلاحیت پر کسی شک وشبہ کی کوئی خاص گنجائش نہیں۔
- اسٹاک ایجینی کے رول بک میں مفصل کارپوریٹ گورننس پر بہترین انداز
 میں عمل درآ مدسے کسی طرح کا بھی انحراف دیکھنے میں نہیں آیا۔
- درج ذیل ہے متعلق اسٹیٹمنٹ مالیاتی گوشواروں کے نوٹس کے ساتھ ہیں یا
 ان میں وضاحت کی گئی ہے:
- بوردٌ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کمیٹیز کے اجلاسوں کی تعداد، ڈائر کیٹرز کی حاضری
 - گزشته 6 سالول پرمشتمل اہم مالیاتی تفصیل
 - پیٹرن آفشیئر ہولڈنگ

سمینی کے ڈائر یکٹرز:

مندرجه ذیل افراد کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرزہیں:

- جناب کامران مرزا (بورڈ کے چیئر مین)
 - جنابعام ریراچه(سی-ای-او)
 - جناب على يوسف (سي -ايف-او)
 - محترمه فرہین سلمان عامر
 - جناب ذوالفقارمتو
 - جناب مجمد عادل متو
 - جناب كمال متو
 - جناب سرفرازاحدر طمن
 - جناب على طارق
 - جناب خالد منصور
- ڈائر یکٹروں کا چناؤ2020ء میں ہونے والی سالانہ جزل میٹنگ میں کیا گیا تھا۔ موجودہ ڈائر یکٹروں کی مدّت 19 اپریل 2023ء کوختم ہوگی۔

انثرنل فنانشل كنثرولز

انٹرن فنانشل کنٹرول کے حوالے سے ڈائر یکٹرزا پنی ذمہداریوں سے پوری طرح آگاہ ہیں۔ یہ پنجنٹ، اور آڈیٹرز کے ساتھ (انٹرنل اورا یکسٹرنل) بات چیت کے ذریعے رائے قائم کی ہے کہ کمپنی کی جانب سے مناسب کنٹرونز پڑمل درآ مدکیا جارہا ہے۔

بورد كاجائزه

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس اور کمپنیزا کیٹ 2017 کی ہدایات کے تحت بورڈ،اس کی کمیٹیوں اور بورڈ کے ڈائر کیٹرز کی انفرادی کارکردگی کا جائزہ پاکتان انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس (PICG) کے زیرانتظام لیا گیا تا کہ شفافیت کوئینی بنایا جاسکے۔

بورڈ کواس کی ذیلی کمیٹیوں بشمول آڈٹ کمیٹی اور ہیومن اینڈریسورز کمیٹیوں نے مدد فراہم کی۔ان ذیلی کمیٹیوں نے سال کے دوران کار پوریٹ گورننس کے قواعد وضوابط کے تحت اپنے اجلاسوں کا افعقا دکیا۔ یہاں بیضروری ہے کہ کمیٹیوں (آڈٹ کمیٹی اور چیومن ریسورس اینڈرمیوزیش کمیٹی) کی جانب سے بہتری کے شعبوں کی نشاندہی اور سفارشات برائے عملی اقدامات کے لیے ان کے اہم کردارکوسراہا جائے۔ہم آئندہ بھی تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے مفادمیں بہترین اقطامی اقدامات پرعمل درآمدکویشین بنائس گے۔

ڈائر یکٹرزرمیونریش یالیسی

ڈ ائر کیٹرزی فیس بورڈ کی منظوری سے اداکی جاتی ہے کمپنی نے اس سلسلے میں کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017اور CCG کے مطابق ایک رسی پالیسی کی منظوری دی ہے۔ نان ایگزیکٹیو

اور انڈی پینیڈنٹ ڈائر کیٹرز جو کمپنی کے بورڈاور کمیٹی کی میٹنگز میں حاضر ہوتے ہیں بورڈ وفٹاً فو قٹاًان کی فیس کانعین کرتا ہے۔

آؤيٹرز

.KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co ، چارٹرڈا کا وَنٹنٹس کواختیا مِ سال برائے 31 دیمبر 2020 میں بطور آ ڈیٹر تقر رکیا گیا تھا۔

بورڈ نے۔KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co کوسال 2021 کے لئے کمپنی کے آڈیٹرز کے طور پر تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے ۔

ہولڈنگ کمپنی

ا پنی مکمل ما تحت سمینی . Conopco Inc امریکہ کے توسط سے یونی لیورپی ۔ اہل ۔ ی ۔ یونی لیورپا کستان فوڈ زلمیٹڈ میں %76.5 حصص رکھتی ہے۔ یہ یونی لیورکی واحد پیرنٹ سمینی ہے۔

بعد کے واقعات:

گزشتہ مالی سال کے اختتام سے لے کراس رپورٹ کی تاریخ تک سمپنی کی مالی حالت میں کوئی خاص تبدیلی واقع نہیں ہوئی۔

محفوظا ثاثے

| | Share Capital | | | Reser | ves | | Total |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Issued, . | Capital R | | Revenue | Sub Total | | |
| | subscribed and paid up capital | Share Premium | Special | General | Un- appropriated Profit | | |
| | * | | | pees in the | | | → |
| Balance as at December 31, 2019 | 63,699 | 1,296,499 | 628 | 138 | 943,233 | 2,240,498 | 2,304,197 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | | - | | | 3,841,993 | 3,841,993 | 3,841,993 |
| Profit for the year ended | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2020 | - | - | - | - | 3,837,412 | 3,837,412 | 3,837,412 |
| Other comprehensive income for the | | | | | | | |
| year ended December 31, 2020 | - | - | - | - | 4,581 | 4,581 | 4,581 |
| Final dividend for the year ended | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2019 @ Rs. 142 per share | - | - | - | - | (904,533) | (904,533) | (904,533) |
| First Interim dividend for the year ending | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2020 @ Rs. 130 per share | - | - | - | - | (828,094) | (828,094) | (828,094) |
| Second Interim dividend for the year ending | | | | | | | |
| 'December 31, 2020 @ Rs. 141 per share | - | - | - | - | (898,163) | (898,163) | (898,163) |
| Third Interim dividend for the year ending | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2020 @ Rs. 120.52 per share | - | - | - | - | (767,706) | (767,706) | (767,706) |
| Delegation at December 24, 2020 | | 1 206 462 | | | 4 206 722 | 2 602 005 | 2747.604 |
| Balance as at December 31, 2020 | 63,699 | 1,296,499 | 628 | 138 | 1,386,730 | 2,683,995 | 2,747,694 |

اعتراف:

یونی لیور پاکتان فوڈ زلمیٹڈ کی مسلسل ترقی میں کمپنی کے لوگوں کا بڑا ہاتھ ہے اور کمپنی کے ڈائر مکٹر کمپنی کے ہر ملازم کے تعاون کا اعتراف کرتے ہیں۔ ہماری مصنوعات پر جواعتماد ہمارےصارفین نے ظاہر کیااس کے لئے ہم ان کے بھی بے حدمشکور ہیں۔اپنی انتظامیہ کے ساتھ تعاون اوراعتاد کے لئے ہم اپ شیئر ہولڈرز کا بھی شکریہادا کرتے ہیں۔

مستقبل كااندازه:

''کرونا'' کی وجہ سے عالمی طور پرمشکلات میں اضافہ ہوا ہے اور اس لئے دنیا جر کے اداروں کی ترقی اور مالی حالت متاثر ہوئی ہے۔ پاکستان بھی اس مشکل کی لیسٹ میں آیا، جبکہ اس کے ساتھ ساتھ ہم اپنی مخصوص اور پرانے مالی چیلنجز کا مقابلہ بھی کرتے رہے۔ مالی اور عملی طور پر اس مشکل ماحول میں آپ کی کمپنی کوشش کر کے بہتر نتائج پیش کرے گی کیونکہ ہماری انتظامیہ نے عہد کیا ہواہے کہ وہ یونی لیور کی عالمی مہارت کے ساتھ اس ماحول سے نبیٹ گی اور ہم اپنی مصنوعات میں اعلیٰ تبدیلیاں لانے کے لیے کام کررہے ہیں۔ بیز چیزی چیٹ پٹا'نوڈل کے مشاف حصے کا آغاز ہمارے نوڈلز پورٹ فولیوکومز بدبڑھا وا دیتا ہے اور کی گینی کی جدت کی طرف مسلس کوششوں کا مظہر ہے۔ ہمیں اعتماد ہے کہ صارفین کی روز می ورس کی سے مشاف کوششوں کا مظہر ہے۔ ہمیں اعتماد ہے کہ صارفین کی روز میں موری کی دورتی میں کہ دورتی متعلقین کے مفاد کے لیے ہماری یہ کوششیں مددگار ثابت ہوں گی۔

بورڈ کی جانب سے آپسب کاشکریہ

عامر پراچہ چیف ایگزیکیوٹیوآ فیسر کراچی کیم مارچ2021ء کامران مرزا چیئر مین کراچی کیم مارچ2021ء

برنس اوراندسشری کا جائزه

31 دئمبر2020 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے بورڈ کی جانب سے چیئر مین کی جائزہ رپورٹ پیش کرتے ہوئے مجھے خوشی محسوس ہورہی ہے۔ کمپنی مسلسل مثبت نتائج دے رہی ہے۔ اوراس نے عالمی وباء ''کرونا''کے باوجوو مختلف مصنوعات میں اپنی مارکیٹ لیڈر کی حیثیت برقر اررکھی ہے۔

ہمیں مکمل'' لاک ڈاؤن'' کا سامنا بھی کرنا پڑا جس کی وجہ سے ہماری فوڈ سلوشنز کا برنس بری طرح متاثر ہوالیکن اپنے پختہ عہد، صارفین کے اعتماداور پورے ملک میں ہماری اشیاء کی دستیابی کی بناء پر ہم نے اعلیٰ کارکردگی اورمسلسل تر تی کویقینی بنایا۔

بورڈ نے ایک مشکل ماحول میں اپنے تمام متعلقین کے مفاد کی خاطر اپنی آئینی ذمہ داریاں پوری کرنے کے ساتھ ساتھ کمپنی کوآگے بڑھایا۔ نیز کمپنی کے اہم مقاصد حاصل کرنے اور تمام متعلقین کے منافع میں اضافہ کرنے کے لیے بورڈ نے سارا سال اپنے کردار اورا پنی سرگرمیوں پر گہری نظر رکھی۔

مصنوعات کے جم میں اضافے اور قیتوں میں مناسب تبدیلی کے ذریعے 2020 میں کاروبار میں %17.2 کا اضافہ ہوا۔ کنور اور رفحان میں اضافے کی وجہ بیتھی کہ ہم نے ان مصنوعات میں جدت پیدا کی اور سلز کے نئے طریقے اختیار کیئے۔ سرمایہ لگا کر مارکیٹنگ کے نئے طریقے شروع کرنے سے ہماری مصنوعات نے طاقت پکڑی اور صارفین کو اپنی طرف متوجہ کیا۔

مزید برآں ہاری ای بی ایس (EPS) میں %56.4 اضافہ ہارے اس عزم کا ثبوت ہے کہ ہم اینے تمام تعلقین کے مفاد کے لیے کام کرتے رہیں گے۔

بورڈ کی کارکردگی اوراس کے نتائج

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس اور کمپنیزا کیٹ 2017ء کے مطابق، بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں اور ڈائز کیٹروں کو پی۔ آئی ۔سی۔ جی ۔(PICG) کے ذریعے جانچا گیا تا کہ شفافیت یقینی بنائی جاسکے۔اس جانچ کے ذریعے بورڈ کی ہرسال کی کارکردگی میں اضافہ ظاہر ہوا۔

اس کام میں بورڈ کی ذیلی کمیٹیوں نے بورڈ کی مدد کی۔ان ذیلی کمیٹیوں میں آڈٹ کمیٹی اورانیج آراینڈ آر (HR & R) کمیٹی شامل تھیں ۔کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے قوائد وضوابط کےمطابق ان سب کمیٹیوں نے اپنی میٹنگز منعقد کیں۔

یہاں بیضروری ہے کہ ہم ان ذیلی کمیٹیوں کاعملی کردار جان لیں تا کہ ہمیں زیادہ سے زیادہ بہتری لانے کے لیے عملی اقدامات معلوم ہوسکیں۔ اس کے ساتھ ہی ہم بہترین عملی اقدامات اورا پنے تمام متعلقین کے سلسل مفاد کے لیے اپنی کوششیں جاری رکھیں گے۔

مستقبل کے امکانات

کمپنی اپنی مصنوعات کی فروخت میں زبردست اضافہ کرنے کی کوشش کرے گی۔اس مقصد کے لیےوہ اپنی اہم مصنوعات کوتر قی دے گی۔نئی نئی اور پبندیدہ مصنوعات پیش کرے گی ، مقابلے کا ماحول سامنے رکھ کر مارکیٹ کی ضروریات کو دیکھے گی۔اس کے ساتھ ساتھ کمپنی دیہی گھر انوں میں اپنی رسائی بڑھائے گی۔کمپنی کا عزم ہے کہ اپنے کام کرنے کے طریقوں میں اعلی درجہ کی بہتری لائے ، ذمہ دارانہ ویلیوچین (Value Chain) اور قابل بھروسہ مصنوعات کے ذریعے اپنے تمام متحلقین کی زندگیاں خوش گوار بنائے۔

اعتراف

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے میں کمپنی کے تمام متعلقین کاشکر بیادا کرتا ہوں کہ وہ ہمارے ساتھ مسلسل تعاون اور ہماری حوصلہ افزائی کرتے رہے۔ میں کمپنی کے ملاز مین کا بھی مشکور ہوں کہ انہوں نے ''کرونا'' کی عالمی وباء کی وجہ سے پیدا ہونے والے مشکل حالات اور کام کرنے کے طریقوں میں تبدیلی کے باوجودا پنی قیتی خدمات فراہم کیس۔ 2020ء کے دوران میرے ساتھی ڈائر کیٹروں نے جس وابستگی اور جانفشانی سے کام کیا اور کمپنی کی ترقی کے لیے جوکوششیں کیس اس کے لیے بھی میں ان کاشکر ریدادا کرتا ہوں۔

كامران مرزا

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